

***Drugs in Society - Causes Concepts and Control 8th
edition Lyman Test Bank***

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1 Due to the notoriety of drug use during the 1960s, many people falsely assume that this decade was most responsible for our nation's current drug problem.

- (A) True
- (B) False

Answer: (A) True

2 In 1875, what city passed an ordinance to ban opium smoking in opium dens?

- (A) San Francisco, CA
- (B) Chicago, IL
- (C) Seattle, WA
- (D) Charleston, SC

Answer: (A) San Francisco, CA

Feedback: San Francisco was the first to impose such sanctions.

3 What sedative hypnotic—one of the first—was developed by Oscar Liebreich?

- (A) chloral hydrate
- (B) morphine
- (C) codeine
- (D) ether

Answer: (A) chloral hydrate

Feedback: Around 1870, Oscar Liebreich developed one of the first sedative hypnotics, chloralhydrate.

4 In the 1800s, codeine was regularly used for treating what ailment?

- (A) cough
- (B) depression
- (C) cocaine addiction
- (D) impotency

Answer: (A) cough

Feedback: Codeine was regularly used as a cough suppressant.

5 The national Prohibition movement, also known as the _____, was spearheaded by Prohibitionists, who felt that alcohol was a dangerous drug that destroyed lives and disrupted families and communities.

- (A) Dry Period
- (B) Noble Experiment
- (C) Rebirth Movement
- (D) Cleanse

Answer: (B) Noble Experiment

Feedback: Consequently, they believed it was the responsibility of the government to prohibit its sale.

6 During the 1930s, who was responsible for much of the heroin trafficking into the United States?

- (A) Reading Rainbow
- (B) Serpico
- (C) French Connection
- (D) Suarez Cartel

Answer: (C) French Connection

Feedback: In 1930, the French Connection was the primary international supplier of heroin to the United States.

7 If one were to take uppers in the morning to increase energy, and downers in the evening to relax, this type of drug use would be referred to as:

- (A) codependence use
- (B) manifold use
- (C) multifarious use
- (D) polydrug use

Answer: (D) polydrug use

Feedback: Using more than one drug is referred to as polydrug use.

8 Which two laws were passed in the 1950s in an attempt to severely increase the penalties for violations of the import-export laws and internal revenue laws relating to marijuana and narcotics?

- (A) Boggs Act & Narcotics Control Act
- (B) Narcotics Control Act & Drug Enforcement Act
- (C) Harrison Narcotics Act & Boggs Act
- (D) Harrison Narcotics Act & Narcotics Control Act

Answer: (A) Boggs Act & Narcotics Control Act

Feedback: These penalties included mandatory minimum prison sentences along with expanded fines for drug violations.

9 The shift in drug control policy was finalized in 1970 with the passing of the _____, which created a common standard of dangerousness to rank all drugs rather than concentrating on specific substances.

- (A) Controlled Substances Act (CSA)
- (B) Harrison Narcotics Act (HNA)
- (C) Drug Enforcement Policy (DEP)

(D) Strategic Anti-Drug Policy (SAD-P)

Answer: (A) Controlled Substances Act (CSA)

Feedback: The Controlled Substances Act places all substances which were in some manner regulated under existing federal law into one of five schedules.

10 The crack and methamphetamine markets of the 1980s spawned an upsurge in what type of crime?

- (A) burglaries
- (B) organized crime
- (C) thefts
- (D) sexual assaults

Answer: (B) organized crime

Feedback: Newcomers to the drug trade included such youth gangs as the Crips and Bloods, as well as Jamaican gangs known as posses.

11 Nancy Reagan, former first lady of the United States, is well known for her _____ campaign in reference to drugs.

- (A) "Turn the Other Cheek"
- (B) "Just Say No"
- (C) "Look the Other Way"
- (D) "This is Your Brain on Drugs"

Answer: (B) "Just Say No"

Feedback: The campaign was subjected to ridicule by those who accused it of being simplistic and unrealistic, while supporters defended it as a common-sense prevention strategy that focused on potential first-time users rather than hardcore street addicts.

12 Amphetamines were originally prescribed to curb which medical conditions?

- (A) headaches (migranes) and depression
- (B) asthma and epilepsy
- (C) sleep disorders and alcoholism
- (D) obesity and depression

Answer: (D) obesity and depression

Feedback: They became popular among students, professionals, and even homemakers who sought the euphoric effects of the drugs.

13 In 1970, according to the Controlled Substances Act, marijuana was listed at what drug level?

- (A) Schedule I
- (B) Schedule II

- (C) Schedule III
- (D) Schedule IV

Answer: (A) Schedule I

Feedback: The Controlled Substances Act lists marijuana as a Schedule I hallucinogen.

14 In the 1930s, partly due to the popularity of marijuana and amphetamines, what federal agency was created within the Department of the Treasury?

- (A) Federal Bureau of Investigation
- (B) Federal Bureau of Narcotics
- (C) Drug Enforcement Agency
- (D) Department of Homeland Security

Answer: (B) Federal Bureau of Narcotics

Feedback: Under the direction of Commissioner Harry Anslinger, the FBN separated the enforcement of alcohol laws from those dealing with other drugs.

15 Which of the following is significant in regard to the ruling in Webb et al. v. United States?

- (A) maintaining addicts on narcotic drugs, even by prescription, was illegal
- (B) that the Harrison Narcotics Act was unconstitutional
- (C) performing drug experiments on American citizens was deemed illegal and unethical
- (D) the United States would no longer import goods from opium-producing nations without implementing an additional 3.5% Narcotics Tax

Answer: (A) maintaining addicts on narcotic drugs, even by prescription, was illegal

Feedback: Lower courts of law initially upheld the practice of drug maintenance of addicts, but a series of U.S. Supreme Court decisions, including the 1919 ruling in Webb, stated that maintaining addicts on narcotic drugs, even by prescription, was illegal.

16 Due to the quick high and cheap price, in 1985 heroin replaced what drug of choice in inner-city neighborhoods?

- (A) LSD
- (B) phencyclidine
- (C) marijuana
- (D) cocaine

Answer: (B) phencyclidine

Feedback: Also known as PCP, the drug was easy to supply and cheaper to purchase.

17 Sigmund Freud studied what psychoactive drug as a treatment for depression and fatigue?

- (A) cocaine
- (B) opium

- (C) nicotine
- (D) chloral hydrate

Answer: (A) cocaine

Feedback: Freud used and studied cocaine for medicinal purposes.

18 The 18th Amendment to the Constitution is most widely known for which of the following?

- (A) prohibition of alcohol
- (B) removal of Chinese immigrants to reduce the opium trade
- (C) the legalization of marijuana in port cities on the west coast of the United States
- (D) making all schedule 1 drugs illegal in the United States

Answer: (A) prohibition of alcohol

Feedback: Known as prohibition, it outlawed the sale of alcohol.

19 According to the text, which of the following factors is partly responsible for the Spanish defeat of the Incan Empire in the sixteenth century?

- (A) the practice of daily opium smoking by Incan males
- (B) the use of hashish during Incan religious ceremonies
- (C) Spanish introduction of alcohol to the Incan peasants
- (D) Incan warriors' addiction to chewing coca leaves

Answer: (D) Incan warriors' addiction to chewing coca leaves

Feedback: Some assumed that the Incan warriors were severely hindered by their drug addiction.

20 Smoking tobacco has been outlawed in countries as early as 1650, when Japan was one of the first countries to prohibit the use.

- (A) True
- (B) False

Answer: (A) True

21 Morphine use in surgery led to the invention of the hypodermic needle in 1853 because doctors at that time believed patient addiction to morphine could be avoided if the drug were injected rather than swallowed.

- (A) True
- (B) False

Answer: (A) True

22 The Harrison Narcotic Act of 1914 was the first state-based legislation making certain drugs, such as marijuana and peyote, legal for taxation by consenting states.

- (A) True

(B) False

Answer: (B) False

23 The Roaring Twenties was a name given to the abusive enforcement of anti-drinking laws of the early 1920s by federal authorities.

(A) True

(B) False

Answer: (B) False

24 LSD was tested by the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) as part of its efforts to find the ultimate "truth serum."

(A) True

(B) False

Answer: (A) True

25 During Prohibition, cocaine often served as an inexpensive substitute for the more expensive black-market alcohol.

(A) True

(B) False

Answer: (B) False

26 In 1988, one of the first high-profile disqualifications of its time, Ben Johnson gained notoriety but lost an Olympic gold medal due to his use of steroids.

(A) True

(B) False

Answer: (A) True

27 In 2013, drug use and abuse had finally surpassed the all time highs for drug abuse seen in the 1970s and 1980s.

(A) True

(B) False

Answer: (B) False

28 Cannabis and the opium poppy have been generally accepted as the oldest mind-altering drugs of abuse, since historic records of their use date back some 7,000 years.

(A) True

(B) False

Answer: (A) True

29 Who is considered to be the father of modern medicine?

- (A) Hippocrates
- (B) Homer
- (C) Lawrence Driscoll
- (D) Jean Rene Dupot

Answer: (A) Hippocrates

Feedback: As early as 400 B.C.E., Hippocrates recognized the medicinal properties of the poppy plant.

30 Which of the following is NOT a drug/plant used recreationally by Native Americans such as the Aztecs?

- (A) morning glory seeds
- (B) peyote
- (C) poppy seeds
- (D) psilocybin mushrooms

Answer: (C) poppy seeds

Feedback: Tribal people believed they would get closer to the gods and nature if they consumed this magical plant. Magic mushrooms (also known as psilocybin mushrooms) and morning glory seeds (also known as ololiuqui) were other organic hallucinogens commonly used by the Indians.

31 Which of the following is NOT a name given to a type of marijuana enjoyed in ancient times in the country of India?

- (A) ganja
- (B) onkruid
- (C) bhang
- (D) charas

Answer: (B) onkruid

Feedback: Onkruid is the dutch word for weed. The other three choices are different grades of marijuana.

32 Jean Nicot, a famous explorer, is most known for which of the following?

- (A) introducing tobacco to France for its medicinal purposes
- (B) introducing coca-addicted Incan warriors to Spain as slave labor
- (C) issuing the first ban of smoking tobacco in Portugal in 1655 due to health concerns
- (D) discovering the addictive ingredient in tobacco called nicotine

Answer: (A) introducing tobacco to France for its medicinal purposes

Feedback: Jean Nicot, who first took tobacco to France, claimed that it had great medicinal properties.

33 The Opium Wars of the 1800s involved which two of the following countries?

- (A) Britain and China
- (B) China and India
- (C) United States and Afghanistan
- (D) Britain and India

Answer: (A) Britain and China

Feedback: The opium wars between China and Britain (1839–1842) first ended in a defeat for China.

34 In 1886, Atlanta-born John Styth Pemberton is best known for his introduction of:

- (A) hypodermic needles
- (B) chloral hydrate
- (C) Coca-Cola
- (D) rubbing alcohol

Answer: (C) Coca-Cola

Feedback: The soft drink was introduced as having the advantages of coca but lacking the dangers of alcohol.

35 What event of the 1800s was primarily responsible for hundreds of thousands of morphine addicts?

- (A) the murder of President Lincoln
- (B) the discovery of the ability to grow the poppy plant in southwestern states such as Arizona and New Mexico
- (C) the influx of Irish immigrants to New York City and Chicago in search of jobs
- (D) the Civil War

Answer: (D) the Civil War

Feedback: The indiscriminate use of morphine and commercially available opium-based drugs prevailed on the battlefields.