

***Data and Analytics in Accounting - An Integrated  
Approach 1st edition Dzurandin Solutions Manual***

SKU: 9781119722991-SOLUTIONS

# CHAPTER 2

**Commented [JC1]:** Note: authors have reviewed and confirmed metadata for: LO, Difficulty, TOT. Other metadata inconsistent.

## FOUNDATIONAL DATA ANALYSIS SKILLS

### Learning Objectives:

- LO 2.1. Describe how data is stored in and extracted from a relational database.
- LO 2.2. Explain how functions help answer data analysis questions.
- LO 2.3. Illustrate how pivot tables organize and filter data.
- LO 2.4. Identify descriptive measures used to perform data analysis.
- LO 2.5. Summarize how data visualization explores and explains data.

## ANSWERS TO MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

### 1. B

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

### 2. C

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

### 3. D

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

### 4. A

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

### 5. B

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

### 6. C

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

### 7. B

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

### 8. A

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

### 9. C

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

### 10.D

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

### 11.A

LO 2.2, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.2

### 12. C

LO 2.2, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.2

### 13. C

LO 2.2, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.2

### 14. B

LO 2.2, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.2

### 15. C

LO 2.3, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.3

### 16. C

LO 2.3, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.3

### 17. B

LO 2.3, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.3

18. D

LO 2.3: BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.3

19. A

LO 2.4: BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.4

20. B

LO 2.4: BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.4

21. C

LO 2.4: BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.4

22. B

LO 2.4: BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, , Section 2.4

23. C

LO 2.4: BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, , Section 2.4

24. D

LO 2.5: BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5

25. B

LO 2.5: BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 2 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5

26. A

LO 2.5: BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5

27. D

LO 2.5: BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5

28. C

LO 2.5: BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5

## ANSWERS TO REVIEW QUESTIONS

1. Inner join: Joins two tables together by selecting all rows from both tables that have matching values.

Left join: Joins two tables together by returning all records from the left table and the matching records from the right table

Right join: Joins two tables together and returns all records from the right table and the matched records from the left table.

Full join: Joins two tables and returns all records from both the right and left tables, matching data where possible.

LO 2.1, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 5 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1

2.

| Scenario                                                                      | Function             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Count the number of cells in an Excel file that have inventory quantities. | <b>ANS:</b> c. COUNT |

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2. Count the number of cells in an Excel file that have an inventory quantity of 1,150 items.                                                                                                                           | <b>ANS: d. COUNTIF</b>    |
| 3. Calculate the arithmetic mean of the commission amounts paid to sales personnel during the fourth quarter                                                                                                            | <b>ANS: a. AVERAGE</b>    |
| 4. Calculate the total sales amount for the period, which is listed in column K of your Excel spreadsheet.                                                                                                              | <b>ANS: g. SUM</b>        |
| 5. Calculate the total sales amount for the period for customer # 4920 only. The sales amounts are listed in column K in your Excel spreadsheet, and customer numbers are listed in column A of your Excel spreadsheet. | <b>ANS: h. SUMIF</b>      |
| 6. Count the number of inventory items listed on the spreadsheet with no inventory quantities.                                                                                                                          | <b>ANS: f. COUNTBLANK</b> |

LO 2.2, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 8 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, H2: Basic Functions for Data Analytics, Applying Excel Basic Functions

3. A COUNTIFS function is used to count the number of cells by a more than one criterion. For example, to count all the sales made in 2022 by a specific employee, use a COUNTIFS function.

LO 2.2, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 5 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, H2: Basic Functions for Data Analytics, Applying Excel Basic Functions

4. A COUNTBLANK function counts the number of blank cells in a range. For example, to be sure that none of the cells in a client's data set are missing data, use a COUNTBLANK to find out if and how many cells are missing data.

LO 2.2, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 5 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.2

5.

1. Fields: The data elements for use in the pivot table.

2. Columns: When a field is chosen for a column area, only the unique values of the field are listed across the top.

3. Rows: When a field is chosen for the row area, it populates as the first column. All row values are unique values, and duplicates are removed.

4: Values: Each value is kept in a pivot table cell and displays the summarized information. Examples are sum, average, or count.

5: Filters: Apply a restriction to the entire table.

LO 2.3, BT: K, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 6 min, AACSB: Knowledge, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, H2: Using Pivot Tables,

6. Excel PivotTables can be filtered by 1) Applying the filter criteria to the Filter field box, 2) using the AutoFilter feature available in the pivot table rows field, and 3) inserting one or more slicers.

LO 2.3, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 6 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.3

7. The median of a distribution might be more meaningful than the mean if there are outliers in the data set. An outlier can influence the mean, but it does not influence the median. So, in the case of outliers, the median will be more representative of central tendency.

LO 2.4, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 8 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.4

8. Standard deviation is the square root of the variance of a data set. Variance is the averaged squared distance between the data points and the mean. So, standard deviation indicates how far an individual observation in the data set might differ from the mean. A low standard deviation indicates the observations in the data set tend to be close to the mean, and a high standard deviation indicates the values are spread out over a wider range.

LO 2.4, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 10 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.4

9. A negative correlation means there is an inverse relationship between two variables. As one variable increases, the other decreases. An example of a negative correlation would be temperature and heating costs. As temperature increases, heating costs go down. A positive correlation indicates that as one variable increases, the other variable also increases. Temperature and air-conditioning costs are an example of this. As temperatures rise, air-conditioning costs also rise.

LO 2.4, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 10 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.4

10. Both methods use data visualization to analyze data. Exploratory data visualization is the use of data visualization tools and techniques to explore data and find insights. Explanatory data visualization is the use of visualization tools and techniques to communicate the results of an analysis.

LO 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 10 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5

11.

| Scenario                                                                    | Visualization Type      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1.Your manager provides you with all the sales data by product line for the | <b>ANS:</b> Exploratory |

|                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| last two years and asks you to identify sales trends between years.                                                                                                                 |                         |
| 2.You have analyzed data related to sales trends by country over the past three years and will present that data using a tree map                                                   | <b>ANS:</b> Explanatory |
| 3.Your manager provides you with all the payments made to approved vendors in the past six months and asks you to identify if any payments are outside of expected payment amounts. | <b>ANS:</b> Exploratory |
| 4.Your manager provides you with analysis of maintenance expenses for the year and asks you to prepare a pie-chart to illustrate the categories of expenses                         | <b>ANS:</b> Explanatory |

LO 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 6 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5

12. The x-axis should have the months of the year as plotted time points, starting with January on the far left and December on the far right. The y-axis should be dollar amounts, starting with zero dollars. There should be two lines, one depicting sales tax in dollars from the current year and a second line depicting sales tax in dollars from the prior year. These lines should be solid, not dotted.

LO 2.5, BT: S, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 10 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5

13. Bar charts:

- Compare 2 – 7 categories with vertical bars.
- Use horizontal bars if more than 7 categories or long category labels.
- Use horizontal labels for better readability.
- Space bars appropriately and consistently.
- Use color sparingly or as an accent.
- Always have a zero baseline.

Area charts:

- Do not use with data that has more than 4 categories to avoid confusion and clutter.
- Start the y-axis at zero or above.
- Place highly variable data on the top and low variability on the bottom.

LO 2.5, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 8 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5

14. The chart would have the amount of rework expenses on the y-axis. The x-axis would be months/year, and there would be a line for each of the rework reason code categories.

LO 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 10 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Financial Accounting

## SOLUTIONS TO BRIEF EXERCISES

### BE 2.1

1. Primary key
2. Foreign key
3. Primary key
4. Primary key
5. Neither
6. Neither (as the data do not match up between the Employee zip code and the customer zip code. The name of the data field is the same, but the data stored in that field will be different and not able to match between tables.

LO 2.1, BT: AP, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 4 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1, Accounting Discipline: Managerial Accounting.

### BE 2.2

1.

| Table      | Primary Key      | Foreign Key                    |
|------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| Restaurant | RestaurantNumber | None                           |
| Order      | OrderNumber      | RestaurantNumber<br>CustomerID |
| Customer1  | CustomerID       | None                           |

### 2. The Order table and the Customer Table

LO 2.1, BT: AP, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 3 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1, Accounting Discipline: Accounting Information Systems

BE 2.3 The goal of the analysis is to identify inventory that has not sold in the last 12 months. Therefore, the most appropriate join is a left join because it returns all the inventory records from the Inventory on hand file and matches the inventory items with sales from the sales file. The output will have a complete listing of inventory and only those sales records that match with inventory items.

LO 2.1, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 4 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1, Accounting Discipline: Financial Reporting

### BE 2.4

1. c. Inner join
2. a. Left join

3. d. Full join

4. a. Left join

LO 2.1, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 4 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1, Accounting Discipline: Financial Accounting

BE 2.5

1. \$240.35

2. \$258.11

3. \$180.39

LO 2.2, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 7 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1, Accounting Discipline: Managerial Accounting

BE 2.6

1. 83,055

=COUNT(D2:D83056)

2. 3,061

=COUNTIF(B2:B83056,2019)

3. 17

=COUNTIFS(B2:B83056,2019,G2:G83056,"FIREFIGHTER")

LO 2.2, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 7 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.2, Accounting Discipline: Accounting Information Systems

BE 2.7

1. Mario's Pizza Parlour and Sunshine Building Inc both have \$18,800 total accounts receivable.

|   |                                    |                        |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 2 |                                    |                        |
| 3 | <b>Region</b>                      | <b>Sum of Total AR</b> |
| 4 | Mario's Pizza Parlour              | \$18,800               |
| 5 | Sunshine Building Inc.             | \$18,800               |
| 5 | Decks and Docks Inc.               | \$16,900               |
| 7 | Langton Pharmaceuticals Inc.       | \$16,700               |
| 3 | Purple Corp.                       | \$16,600               |
| 9 | Easy Nutrition Ltd.                | \$15,900               |
| 0 | Sundial Telecommunications Corp.   | \$15,700               |
| 1 | Teal Real Estate Development Corp. | \$15,500               |
| 2 | Blue Plate Catering Services Ltd.  | \$15,300               |
| 3 | Hurricane Energy Inc.              | \$15,200               |
| 4 | Acorn Carpentry Inc.               | \$14,800               |
| 5 | Summit Financial Corporation Inc.  | \$14,700               |

2. Purple Corp.: \$14,000

|  |                              |                             |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  | <b>Region</b>                | <b>Sum of &gt; 150 days</b> |
|  | Purple Corp.                 | \$14,000                    |
|  | Easy Nutrition Ltd.          | \$2,000                     |
|  | Quantum Electronics Inc.     | \$1,900                     |
|  | Hillsdale Insulation Corp.   | \$1,900                     |
|  | Langton Pharmaceuticals Inc. | \$1,600                     |
|  | Hurricane Energy Inc.        | \$1,400                     |
|  | Windmill Corporation         | \$1,100                     |
|  | Zoot Design Corp             | \$1,100                     |
|  | Mario's Pizza Parlour        | \$1,000                     |
|  | Roberts Insurance Corp.      | \$900                       |
|  | Dragonfly Furniture Company  | \$900                       |
|  | Mercury Chemical Corp.       | \$900                       |
|  | Hardcore Sports Ltd.         | \$800                       |

LO 2.3, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 8 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.3, Accounting Discipline: Audit

BE 2.8

1. \$990,000

2.



|   |             |                           |  |
|---|-------------|---------------------------|--|
| 3 | Years       | 2023                      |  |
| 4 |             |                           |  |
| 5 | Row Labels  | Sum of Variable Marketing |  |
| 6 | Captain     | \$179,223                 |  |
| 7 | Celeritas   | \$104,024                 |  |
| 8 | Kicks       | \$53,497                  |  |
| 9 | Lazer       | \$80,659                  |  |
| 0 | Grand Total | \$417,402                 |  |

LO 2.3, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 12 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.3, Accounting Discipline: Financial Accounting, Managerial Accounting.

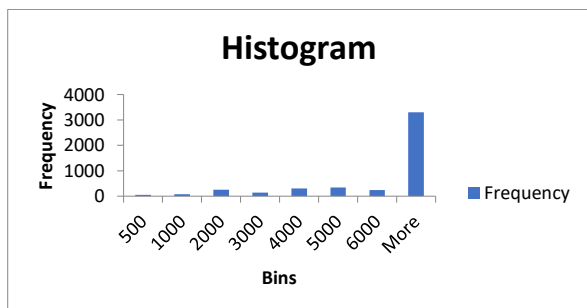
BE 2.10

1. Mean: \$1,232.94
2. Median: \$776.76
3. Mode: \$407.56

LO 2.4, BT: AP, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 4 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.4

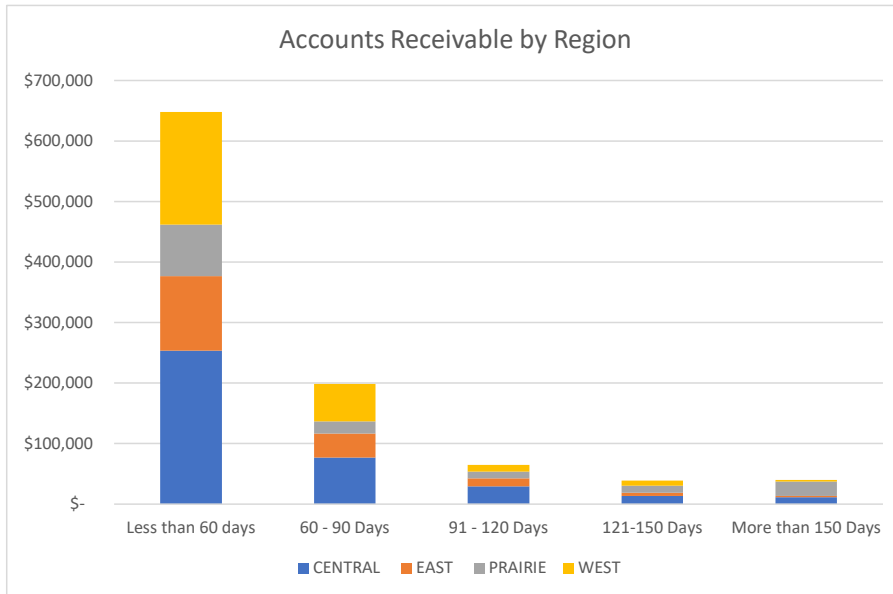
BE 2.11

1. Skewness: 2.20
2. Kurtosis: 7.33
- 3.



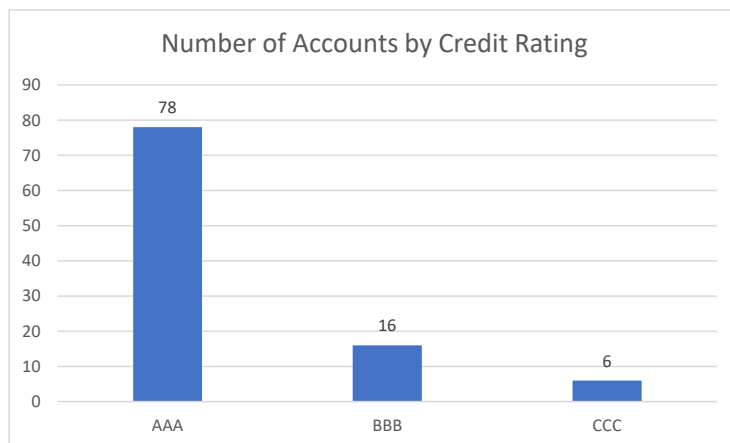
LO 2.4, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 10 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.4, Accounting Discipline: Financial Accounting.

BE 2.12



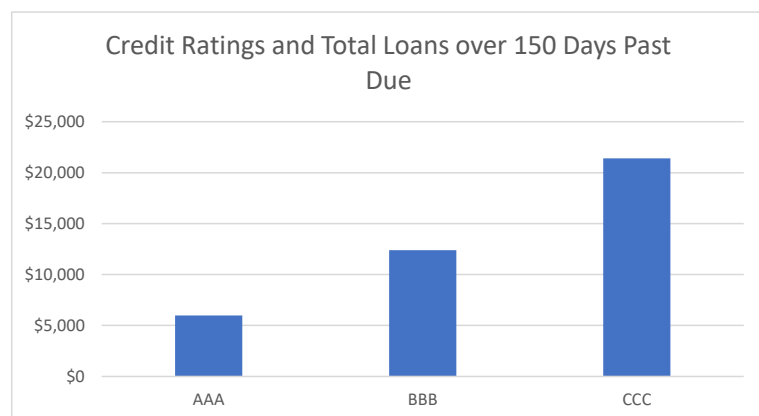
LO 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 5 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Financial Accounting.

BE 2.13



LO 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 12 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Financial Accounting.

BE 2.14

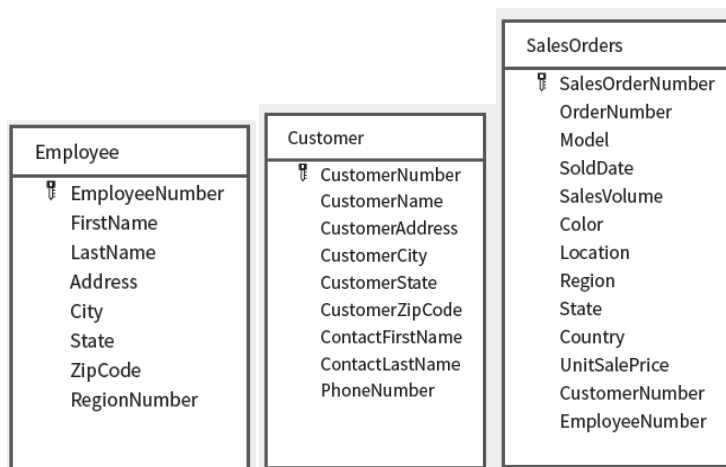


LO 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 15 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Financial Accounting.

## SOLUTIONS TO EXERCISES

EX 2.1

1.



2. Join the Employee table to the SalesOrders table and the Customer table to the SalesOrders Table. Customer number from the Customer table and Sale Orders table. EmployeeNumber in the Employee table to the EmployeeNumber in the SalesOrders table.

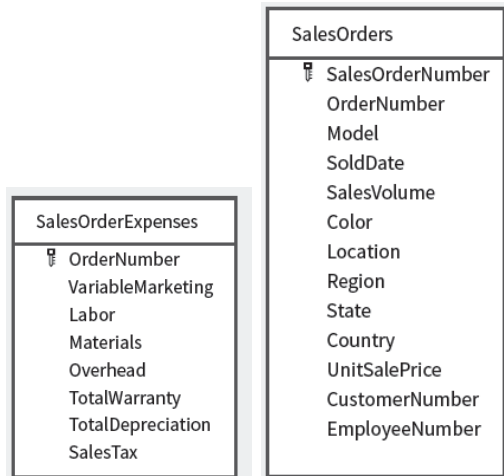
3. We will need the following fields:

| Table    | Fields                                                                                                                       |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Employee | EmployeeNumber,<br>FirstName<br>LastName<br>Address<br>City<br>State<br>ZipCode                                              |
| Customer | CustomerNumber<br>CustomerAddress<br>CustomerCity<br>CustomerState<br>CustomerZipCode<br>ContactFirstName<br>ContactLastName |

LO 2.1, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 8 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Audit.

## EX 2.2

1.



2.

| Tables Joined:                   | Fields      |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| SalesOrderExpenses & SalesOrders | OrderNumber |

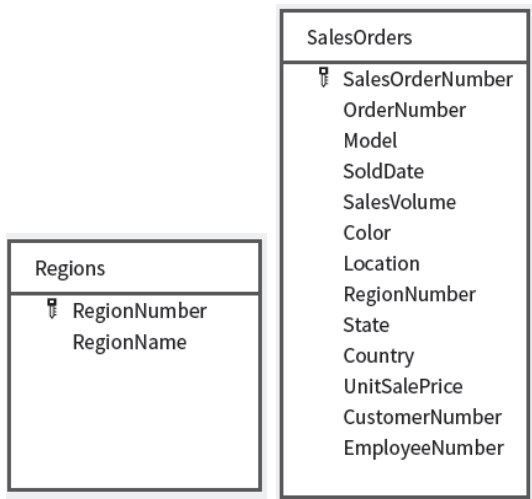
3.

| Tables             | Fields                                |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| SalesOrders        | Sold Date, SalesVolume, UnitSalePrice |
| SalesOrderExpenses | All fields                            |

LO 2.1, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 8 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1, Accounting Discipline: Financial Accounting.

EX 2.3

1.



2.

| Tables Joined       | Fields       |
|---------------------|--------------|
| Region, SalesOrders | RegionNumber |

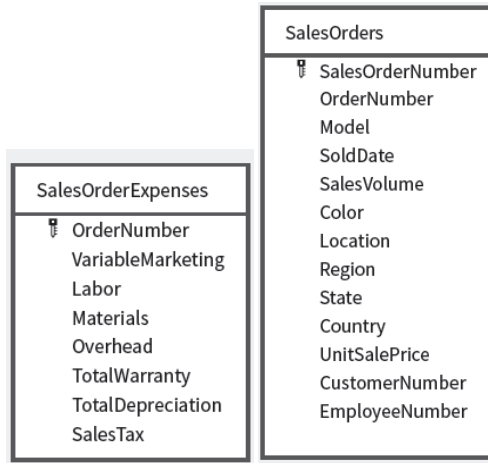
3.

| Tables      | Fields                                                                       |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SalesOrders | SalesOrderNumber<br>SoldDate<br>RegionNumber<br>SalesVolume<br>UnitSalePrice |
| Regions     | Region Number<br>RegionName                                                  |

LO 2.1, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 10 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1, Accounting Discipline: Managerial Accounting.

#### EX 2.4

1.



2.

| Tables Joined                    | Fields      |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| SalesOrderExpenses & SalesOrders | OrderNumber |
|                                  |             |

3.

| Tables             | Fields                           |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SalesOrders        | OrderNumber<br>SoldDate<br>State |
| SalesOrderExpenses | OrderNumber<br>SalesTax          |

LO 2.1, BT: C, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 8 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.1, Accounting Discipline: Tax.

#### EX 2.5

1. Total Inventory costs (COGS) for 2023: \$ 24,423.35



| Row Labels         | Sum of COGS       |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| Cinnamon Bun       | \$4,254.30        |
| <b>Grand Total</b> | <b>\$4,254.30</b> |

| Years       |
|-------------|
| 2022        |
| <b>2023</b> |
| 2024        |
| 2025        |
| <2/19/2022  |
| >12/31/2025 |

| Inv Desc              |
|-----------------------|
| Blueberry Scone       |
| Caramel Apple         |
| Cheesecake Bite       |
| Chocolate Chip Coo... |
| <b>Cinnamon Bun</b>   |
| Cinnamon-Raisin B...  |
| Poppyseed Bagel       |
| Raspberry Scone       |

4. Total inventory costs (COGS) for the city of Thornton 2022 – 2025.: \$2,650.45

| Row Labels            | Sum of COGS       |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Blueberry Scone       | \$236.35          |
| Caramel Apple         | \$732.60          |
| Cheesecake Bite       | \$507.20          |
| Chocolate Chip Cookie | \$186.55          |
| Cinnamon Bun          | \$26.10           |
| Poppyseed Bagel       | \$274.00          |
| Raspberry Scone       | \$431.80          |
| Snickerdoodle         | \$255.85          |
| <b>Grand Total</b>    | <b>\$2,650.45</b> |

| Years       |
|-------------|
| 2022        |
| <b>2023</b> |
| 2024        |
| <b>2025</b> |
| <2/19/2022  |
| >12/31/2025 |

| Inv Desc              |
|-----------------------|
| Blueberry Scone       |
| Caramel Apple         |
| Cheesecake Bite       |
| Chocolate Chip Coo... |
| Cinnamon Bun          |
| Poppyseed Bagel       |
| Raspberry Scone       |
| <b>Snickerdoodle</b>  |

| Cust City       |
|-----------------|
| Fort Collins    |
| Johnstown       |
| Lafayette       |
| Longmont        |
| Loveland        |
| Northglenn      |
| <b>Thornton</b> |
| Wheat Ridge     |

5. Total inventory costs (COGS) for snickerdoodles in 2025 in the city of Brookfield: \$129.00

|    | A             | B           | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M |
|----|---------------|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1  |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2  |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 3  | Row Labels    | Sum of COGS |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 4  | Snickerdoodle | \$129.00    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 5  | Grand Total   | \$129.00    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 6  |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 7  |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 8  |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 9  |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 10 |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 11 |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 12 |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 13 |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 14 |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 15 |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 16 |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 17 |               |             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

LO 2.3, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 15 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.3, Accounting Discipline: Managerial Accounting.

## EX 2.6

1. 0.123488

2. The correlation between amount and temperature is weak because the correlation coefficient is 0.123488, which is less than 0.30, which is a weak correlation between the two variables.

LO 2.4, BT: AP, Difficulty: Easy, TOT: 5 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.4, Accounting Discipline: Managerial Accounting.

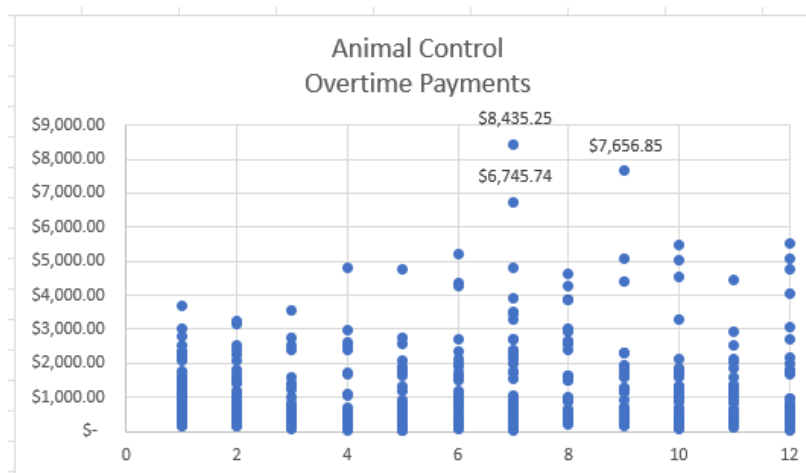
## EX 2.7

1.

| Amount             |              |
|--------------------|--------------|
| Mean               | 1,232.94     |
| Standard Error     | 61.06        |
| Median             | 776.78       |
| Mode               | 407.56       |
| Standard Deviation | 1,251.39     |
| Sample Variance    | 1,565,977.76 |
| Kurtosis           | 5.78         |
| Skewness           | 2.11         |
| Range              | 8,422.59     |
| Minimum            | 12.66        |

|         |            |
|---------|------------|
| Maximum | 8,435.25   |
| Sum     | 517,835.01 |
| Count   | 420.00     |

2.



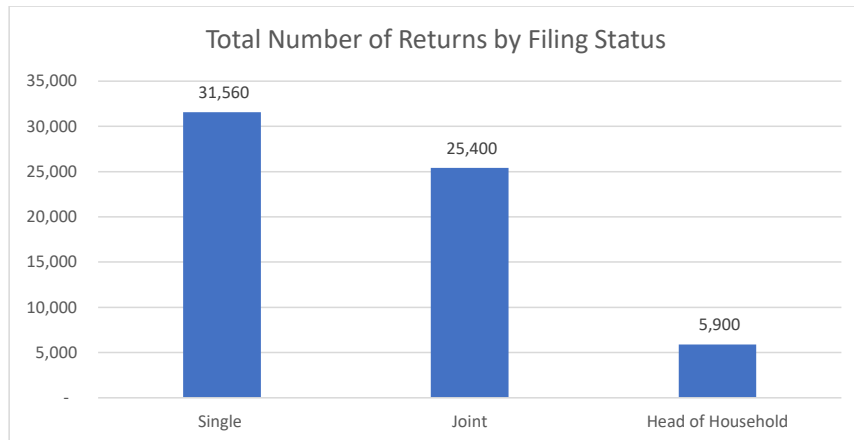
3. In July there are two points, one is \$8435.25 and \$6,745.74. In September there is a payment for \$7,656.85. These amounts are much higher than the other amounts in the scatterplot. Most observations in the scatterplot are group between \$0 and \$4,000. All amounts over \$4,000 should be examined.

LO 2.4, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 15 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.4, Accounting Discipline: Managerial Accounting.

#### EX 2.8

1. Single: 31,560

2. Number of Returns by Filing Status



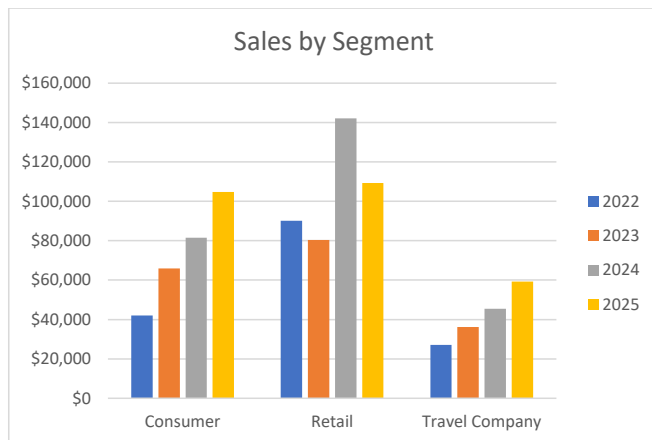
LO 2.2, 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 12 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.2, 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Tax

#### EX 2.9

1.

| Sum of Sales       | Column Labels    |                  |                  |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Row Labels         | Consumer         | Retail           | Travel Company   | Grand Total      |
| 2022               | \$42,046         | \$90,068         | \$27,152         | \$159,266        |
| 2023               | \$65,903         | \$80,323         | \$36,144         | \$182,370        |
| 2024               | \$81,493         | \$142,200        | \$45,504         | \$269,197        |
| 2025               | \$104,724        | \$109,344        | \$59,255         | \$273,323        |
| <b>Grand Total</b> | <b>\$294,166</b> | <b>\$421,935</b> | <b>\$168,054</b> | <b>\$884,155</b> |

2.

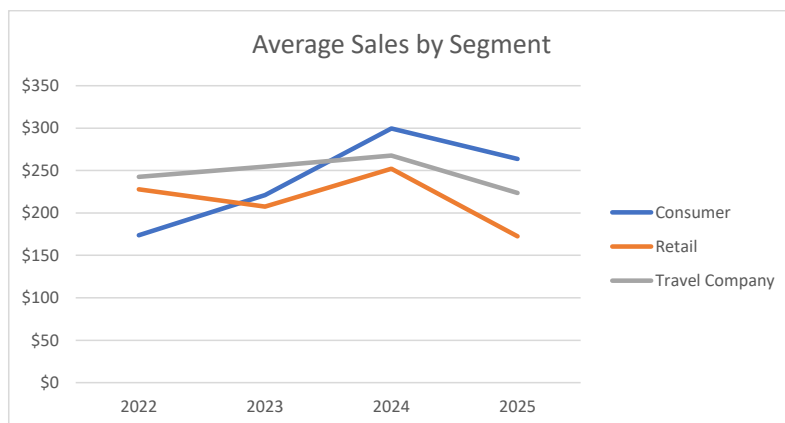


The consumer and travel segments are increasing over the four-year period. The retail segment decreased from 2022 to 2023, increased in 2024, but then decreased in 2025.

3.

| Average of Sales | Column Labels |        |                |
|------------------|---------------|--------|----------------|
| Row Labels       | Consumer      | Retail | Travel Company |
| 2022             | \$174         | \$228  | \$242          |
| 2023             | \$221         | \$208  | \$255          |
| 2024             | \$300         | \$252  | \$268          |
| 2025             | \$264         | \$172  | \$224          |

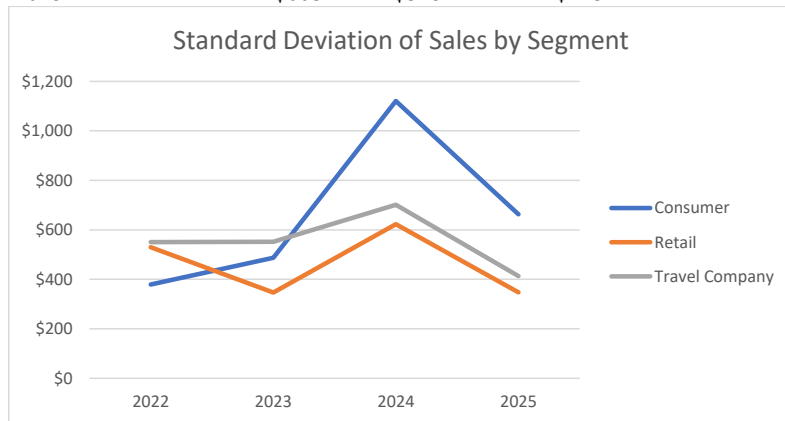
4.



All segments show a decrease in average sales from 2024 to 2025.

5.

| StdDev of Sales | Column Labels |        |                |
|-----------------|---------------|--------|----------------|
| Row Labels      | Consumer      | Retail | Travel Company |
| 2022            | \$379         | \$530  | \$551          |
| 2023            | \$487         | \$347  | \$552          |
| 2024            | \$1,121       | \$623  | \$701          |
| 2025            | \$663         | \$348  | \$413          |



The line chart shows that the Consumer segment has the largest variation in sales. This is confirmed by examining the standard deviation of sales.

LO 2.2, 2.4, 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 20 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Sections 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Managerial Accounting.

#### EX 2.10

1.

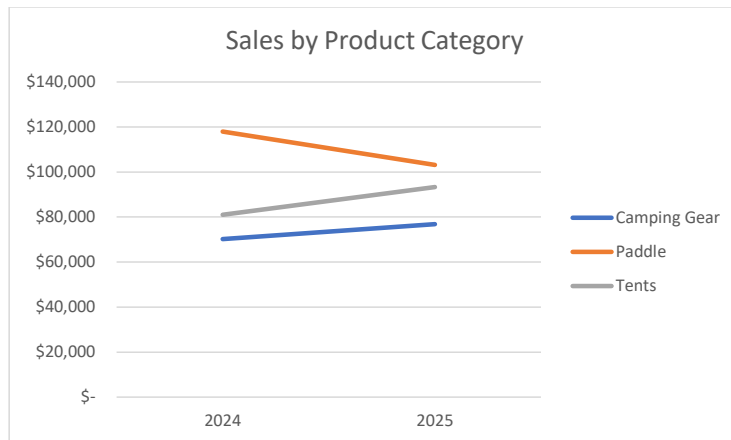
| Row Labels         | Sum of Sales         |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| 2022               | \$ 159,265.70        |
| 2023               | \$ 182,369.64        |
| 2024               | \$ 269,196.66        |
| 2025               | \$ 273,323.01        |
| <b>Grand Total</b> | <b>\$ 884,155.01</b> |

2024 sales and 2025 sales per the PivotTable agree to the dollar amounts of sales recorded in the client's general ledger.

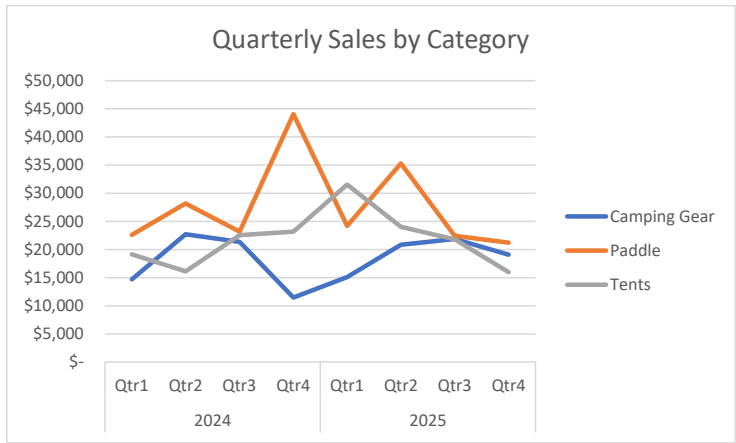
2.

| Sum of Sales | Column Labels ▼ |            |            |             |
|--------------|-----------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Row Labels ▼ | Camping Gear    | Paddle     | Tents      | Grand Total |
| 2024         | \$ 70,211       | \$ 117,973 | \$ 81,012  | \$ 269,197  |
| 2025         | \$ 76,843       | \$ 103,152 | \$ 93,328  | \$ 273,323  |
| Grand Total  | \$ 147,054      | \$ 221,126 | \$ 174,340 | \$ 542,520  |

3.



4.



LO 2.2, 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 18 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Sections 2.2, 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Audit.

## SOLUTIONS TO PROBLEMS

PR 2.1

1.

| Sum of Profit<br>Row Labels | Column Labels |         |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------|
|                             | 2024          | 2025    |
| Bluebird Cafe               | 442.5         | 683.85  |
| Breakfast King CO           | 865.7         | 1134.4  |
| BREW                        | 547.75        | 808.45  |
| Butters AM Eatery           | 705.75        | 373.75  |
| Corvus Coffee Roasters      | 840.45        | 505.55  |
| Crema Coffee House          | 686.95        | 471.35  |
| Cristos Coffee              | 133.1         | 453.3   |
| Dazbog Coffee               | 499.05        | 470.85  |
| Denny's                     | 749.95        | 1054.15 |
| Denver Biscuit Company      | 1287.15       | 599.6   |
| Dutch Bros Coffee           | 1119.25       | 992.7   |
| Einstein Bros. Bagels       | 525.35        | 924.65  |
| Home Cookin Café            | 583.6         | 494.9   |

|                          |        |         |
|--------------------------|--------|---------|
| Janie's Café             | 487.5  | 657.35  |
| Java Island              | 301.35 | 557.15  |
| Johnson's Corner         | 220.7  | 512.55  |
| Kneaders Bakery and Café | 567.55 | 285     |
| Krispy Kreme             | 370.35 | 654.65  |
| Le Peep                  | 353.5  | 615.4   |
| Loveland Coffee Company  | 513.3  | 436.45  |
| Lucile's Creole Café     | 975.75 | 252.85  |
| Modern Market Eatery     | 386.25 | 760.85  |
| Momo Lolo Coffee         | 711.45 | 607.3   |
| Panera Bread             | 644.65 | 362.55  |
| Rainbow Restaurant       | 753.9  | 1143.75 |
| Red Rooster Restaurant   | 651.2  | 426.35  |
| Rocky Mountain Bagels    | 519.75 | 515.7   |
| Snooze AM Eatery         | 845.2  | 472.45  |
| Starbucks                | 581.45 | 252.9   |
| Sweet Bloom Coffee       | 901.3  | 334     |
| Syrup Downtown           | 923.05 | 1288.3  |
| Walrus Ice Cream         | 513.55 | 1014.15 |
| Ziggi's Coffee           | 1210.1 | 340.35  |

2.

| Sum of Profit          | Column Labels |         |
|------------------------|---------------|---------|
| Row Labels             | 2024          | 2025    |
| Bluebird Cafe          |               | 54.54%  |
| Breakfast King CO      |               | 31.04%  |
| BREW                   |               | 47.59%  |
| Butters AM Eatery      |               | -47.04% |
| Corvus Coffee Roasters |               | -39.85% |
| Crema Coffee House     |               | -31.39% |
| Cristos Coffee         |               | 240.57% |
| Dazbog Coffee          |               | -5.65%  |
| Denny's                |               | 40.56%  |
| Denver Biscuit Company |               | -53.42% |
| Dutch Bros Coffee      |               | -11.31% |
| Einstein Bros. Bagels  |               | 76.01%  |
| Home Cookin Café       |               | -15.20% |

|                             |         |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| Janie's Café                | 34.84%  |
| Java Island                 | 84.88%  |
| Johnson's Corner            | 132.24% |
| Kneaders Bakery and<br>Café | -49.78% |
| Krispy Kreme                | 76.77%  |
| Le Peep                     | 74.09%  |
| Loveland Coffee<br>Company  | -14.97% |
| Lucile's Creole Café        | -74.09% |
| Modern Market Eatery        | 96.98%  |
| Momo Lolo Coffee            | -14.64% |
| Panera Bread                | -43.76% |
| Rainbow Restaurant          | 51.71%  |
| Red Rooster<br>Restaurant   | -34.53% |
| Rocky Mountain Bagels       | -0.78%  |
| Snooze AM Eatery            | -44.10% |
| Starbucks                   | -56.51% |
| Sweet Bloom Coffee          | -62.94% |
| Syrup Downtown              | 39.57%  |
| Walrus Ice Cream            | 97.48%  |
| Ziggi's Coffee              | -71.87% |

3.

% Diff > +\_ 30%      **15** (use Countif function)  
 % Diff > -30%      **12** (use Countif function)

LO 2.3, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT:25 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.3,  
 Accounting Discipline: Audit.

PR 2.2

1. \$590,810.38

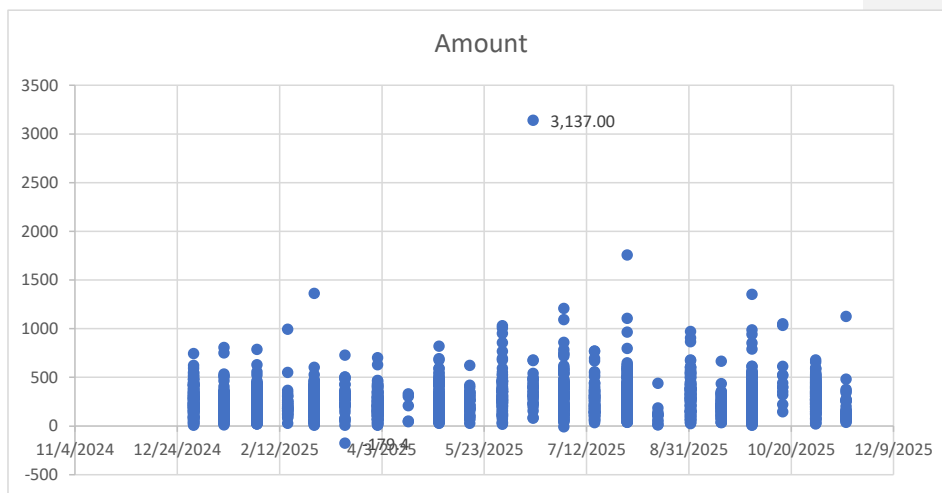
2.

| Department                     | Reimbursement paid in 2025 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Department of Buildings        | <b>ANS:</b> \$201,473.41   |
| Department of Health           | <b>ANS:</b> \$31,728.76    |
| Department of Water Management | <b>ANS:</b> \$66,252.76    |

3. Mean: \$267.70, Median: \$250.70, Mode: \$266.80

4. \$175.18

5.

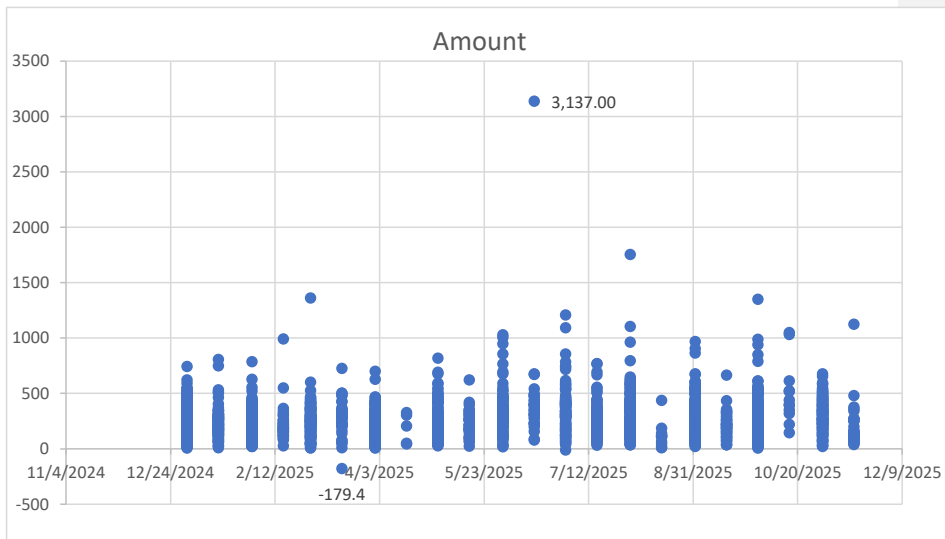


6. Mean: \$267.70

Median: \$250.70

Mode: \$266.80

Standard Deviation: \$175.18



The scatterplot reveals that there is one transaction with a reimbursement amount of \$3,137 and a negative reimbursement amount of -\$179 both are unusual given the rest of the reimbursement data.

7. Students can prepare a PivotTable that shows the sum, average and standard deviation of reimbursements for 2025 by department.

| Departments                           |           | Sum of Amount     | Average         | StdDev          |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| CHICAGO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTAT     | \$        | 215,994.52        | \$329.26        | \$213.28        |
| DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS               | \$        | 201,473.41        | \$247.51        | \$144.24        |
| DEPARTMENT OF WATER MANAGEMENT        | \$        | 66,252.76         | \$358.12        | \$145.55        |
| OFFICE OF PUBLIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATIC | \$        | 51,642.90         | \$251.92        | \$118.67        |
| DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH                  | \$        | 31,728.76         | \$162.71        | \$123.32        |
| FIRE DEPARTMENT                       | \$        | 9,295.22          | \$157.55        | \$169.55        |
| CITY CLERK                            | \$        | 4,924.86          | \$246.24        | \$135.39        |
| OFFICE OF EMERGENCY COMMUNICATION     | \$        | 4,174.84          | \$198.80        | \$101.07        |
| DEPT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS & CONSUMER   | \$        | 2,258.43          | \$102.66        | \$57.83         |
| DEPT OF FAMILY AND SUPPORT SERVICES   | \$        | 1,169.68          | \$106.33        | \$54.91         |
| DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING                 | \$        | 1,007.58          | \$125.95        | \$66.37         |
| DEPT OF STREETS & SANITATION          | \$        | 854.07            | \$94.90         | \$123.31        |
| OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL           | \$        | 19.55             | \$19.55         | #DIV/0!         |
| DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE                 | \$        | 13.80             | \$13.80         | #DIV/0!         |
| <b>Grand Total</b>                    | <b>\$</b> | <b>590,810.38</b> | <b>\$267.70</b> | <b>\$175.18</b> |

Students can also prepare a PivotTable to show total reimbursements by job title. The following is an example of a PivotTable filtered for the Top 10 sum of reimbursements for 2025.

| Top 10 Reimbursement Totals       |           |                   |                 |                 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Job Titles                        |           | Sum of Amount     | Average         | StdDev          |
| BUILDING/CONSTRUCTION INSPECTOR   | \$        | 100,400.19        | \$257.44        | \$169.36        |
| ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR              | \$        | 25,965.31         | \$259.65        | \$106.88        |
| FIELD SERVICE SPECIALIST II       | \$        | 68,020.80         | \$407.31        | \$180.18        |
| LINEMAN                           | \$        | 35,020.49         | \$427.08        | \$360.07        |
| LINEMAN - SALARIED                | \$        | 49,097.59         | \$301.21        | \$79.96         |
| MASON INSPECTOR                   | \$        | 41,284.50         | \$393.19        | \$140.87        |
| PLUMBING INSPECTOR                | \$        | 28,428.01         | \$253.82        | \$134.75        |
| SANITARIAN II                     | \$        | 24,093.52         | \$177.16        | \$129.02        |
| TRAFFIC SIGNAL REPAIRMAN          | \$        | 62,803.73         | \$263.88        | \$143.13        |
| VENTILATION AND FURNACE INSPECTOR | \$        | 23,646.82         | \$236.47        | \$92.18         |
| <b>Grand Total</b>                | <b>\$</b> | <b>458,760.96</b> | <b>\$287.99</b> | <b>\$175.51</b> |

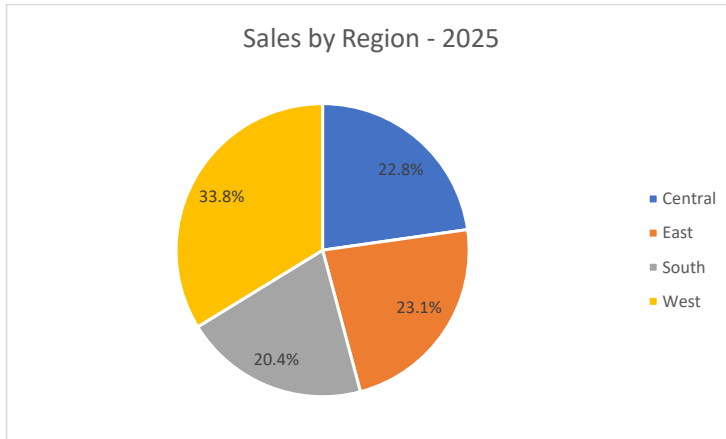
LO2.2, 2.4, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 30 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Section 2.2, Accounting Discipline: Audit.

### PR 2.3

1. The auditor summed the total sales amount in the client provided file noting that the sum of total sales for the year ended December 31, 2025, is \$273,323, which agreed to the client's general ledger without exception.

| Row Labels         | Sum of Sales      |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| 2022               | \$ 159,266        |
| 2023               | \$ 182,370        |
| 2024               | \$ 269,197        |
| 2025               | \$ 273,323        |
| <b>Grand Total</b> | <b>\$ 884,155</b> |

2.

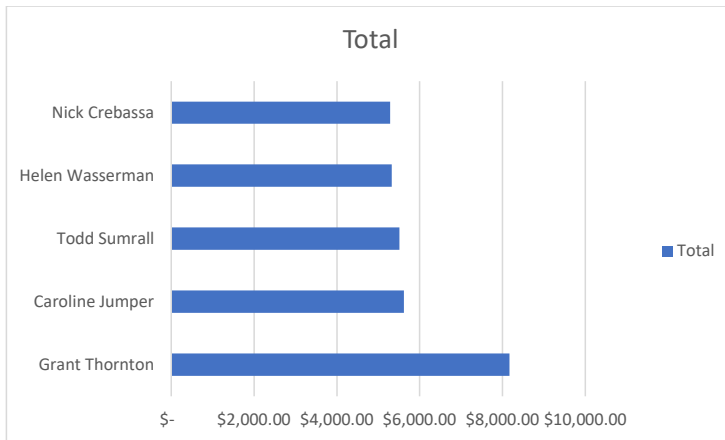


Since the pie chart slices are similar in size, a bar chart would be more useful for making comparisons between the regions.

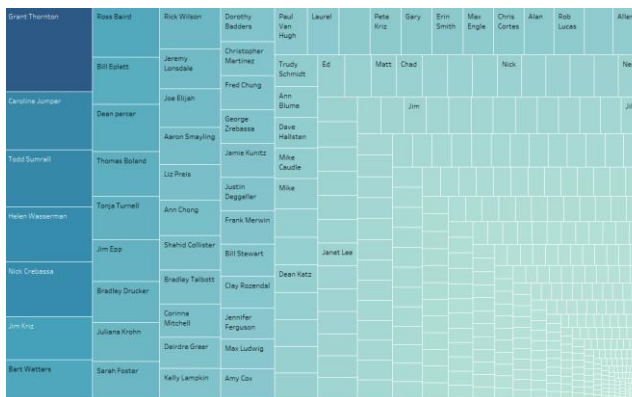
3. The customers with the largest sales in 2025 amounts include:

| Row Labels              | Sum of Sales        |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Grant Thornton          | \$ 8,167.42         |
| Caroline Jumper         | \$ 5,615.64         |
| Todd Sumrall            | \$ 5,509.14         |
| Helen Wasserman         | \$ 5,322.17         |
| Nick Crebassa           | \$ 5,282.65         |
| <b>Grand Total</b>      | <b>\$ 29,897.01</b> |
|                         |                     |
| Top 5 customers in 2025 |                     |

Answers will vary based on the visualization prepared by the student. One example is to create a bar chart:



Another effective way to depict the customers with the largest sales amounts is to upload the file into Tableau and create a Tree map.



LO 2. 2, 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 30 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Sections 2.2, 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Audit

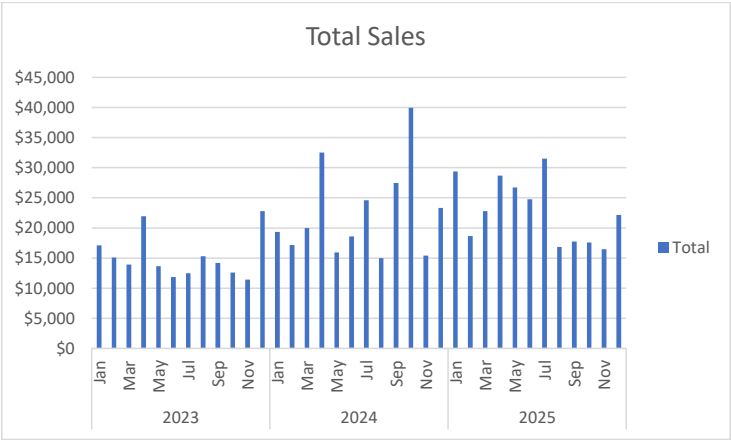
#### PR 2.4

1.

| Row Labels | Sum of Sales |
|------------|--------------|
| 2024       |              |
| Jan        | \$19,320     |

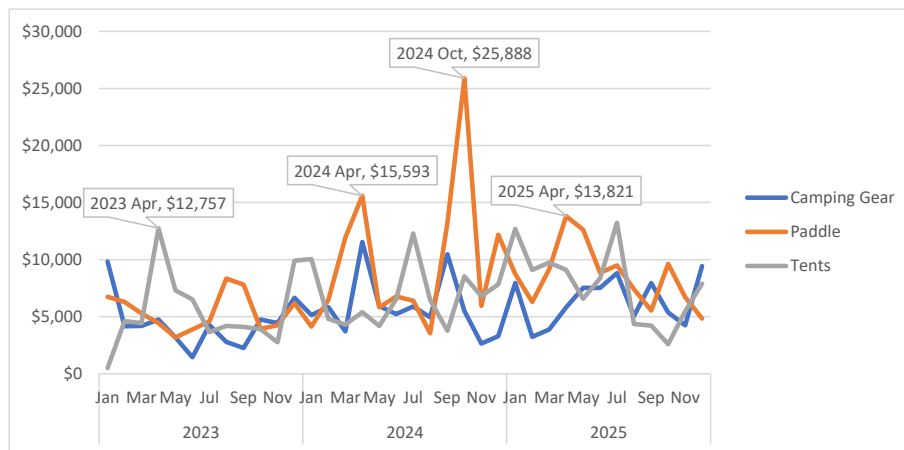
|             |           |
|-------------|-----------|
| Feb         | \$17,164  |
| Mar         | \$19,964  |
| Apr         | \$32,536  |
| May         | \$15,924  |
| Jun         | \$18,568  |
| Jul         | \$24,617  |
| Aug         | \$14,964  |
| Sep         | \$27,449  |
| Oct         | \$39,926  |
| Nov         | \$15,431  |
| Dec         | \$23,332  |
| 2025        |           |
| Jan         | \$29,365  |
| Feb         | \$18,663  |
| Mar         | \$22,806  |
| Apr         | \$28,714  |
| May         | \$26,705  |
| Jun         | \$24,734  |
| Jul         | \$31,529  |
| Aug         | \$16,845  |
| Sep         | \$17,723  |
| Oct         | \$17,608  |
| Nov         | \$16,470  |
| Dec         | \$22,161  |
| Grand Total | \$542,520 |

2.



The monthly bar chart does show variation more easily in sales by month. It is clear that in 2024, April and October were the highest-selling months. However, this pattern does not hold in 2025, but there does appear to be a trend in April sales.

3.



This line chart shows the variability in monthly sales by product type. The paddle category has the most fluctuation, with the largest peak in October of 2024. Tents and camping gear have similar patterns over the two-year period.

LO 2, 5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 35 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Sections 2.2, 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Financial Accounting, Managerial Accounting

## SOLUTIONS TO PROFESSIONAL APPLICATION CASE

PAC 2.1 Accounting Information Systems:

| Tables                     | Fields                             |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Sales and Customer         | <b>1. ANS:</b> CustomerID          |
| Sales and Employee         | <b>2. ANS:</b> EmployeeID          |
| Sales and Truck            | <b>3. ANS:</b> TruckNumber         |
| Sales and Menu             | <b>4. ANS:</b> ProductNumber       |
| Employee and Purchases     | <b>5. ANS:</b> EmployeeID          |
| Deposits and Cash          | <b>6. ANS:</b> Bank Account Number |
| Purchases and RawMaterials | <b>7. ANS:</b> IngredientID        |
| Purchases and Vendors      | <b>8. ANS:</b> VendorID            |

| Question                                                     | Table                                         | Fields                                                                                       | Join type              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>9.</b> Are there vendors that have not made purchases?    | <b>ANS:</b> Vendors and Purchases             | <b>ANS:</b> VendorID, CompanyName, ReceiptNumber                                             | <b>ANS:</b> Right join |
| <b>10.</b> Do any employee addresses match vendor addresses? | <b>ANS:</b> Employees, Purchases, Vendors     | <b>ANS:</b> Employee ID, ReceiptNumber, VendorID, Address, City, State                       | <b>ANS:</b> Inner join |
| <b>11.</b> What is the total sales by menu item?             | <b>ANS:</b> Menu, Sales, and Receive Payments | <b>ANS:</b> ProductNumber, Description, OrderID, ReceiptNumber, CashAmount, CreditCardAmount | <b>ANS:</b> Inner join |
| <b>12.</b> What is the total sales by truck?                 | <b>ANS:</b> Truck and Sales                   | <b>ANS:</b> TruckNumber, OrderID, CashAmount, CreditAmount                                   | <b>ANS:</b> Inner join |

|                                                                           |                                   |                                     |                       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>13.</b> Are there purchases made from vendors not in the Vendor table? | <b>ANS:</b> Purchases and Vendors | <b>ANS:</b> ReceiptNumber, VendorID | <b>ANS:</b> Left join |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|

LO 2.1- 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 45 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Sections 2.1 -2.5, Accounting Discipline: Accounting Information Systems.

#### PAC 2.2: Auditing

1.

|    | A                               | B            | C            | D            |
|----|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1  | Truck_Number                    | 1            |              |              |
| 2  |                                 |              |              |              |
| 3  | Sum of Total Sale Column Labels |              |              |              |
| 4  | Row Labels                      | Cash         | Credit       | Total Sales  |
| 5  | Jan                             | \$ 6,093.50  | \$ 6,229.50  | \$ 12,323.00 |
| 6  | 2-Jan                           | \$ 646.50    | \$ 514.50    | \$ 1,161.00  |
| 7  | 3-Jan                           | \$ 816.00    | \$ 782.50    | \$ 1,598.50  |
| 8  | 4-Jan                           | \$ 537.00    | \$ 480.50    | \$ 1,017.50  |
| 9  | 9-Jan                           | \$ 245.50    | \$ 364.50    | \$ 610.00    |
| 10 | 10-Jan                          | \$ 153.50    | \$ 147.00    | \$ 300.50    |
| 11 | 11-Jan                          | \$ 675.00    | \$ 1,035.00  | \$ 1,710.00  |
| 12 | 12-Jan                          | \$ 3,020.00  | \$ 2,905.50  | \$ 5,925.50  |
| 13 | Feb                             | \$ 11,645.50 | \$ 11,073.50 | \$ 22,719.00 |
| 14 | 6-Feb                           | \$ 750.50    | \$ 620.50    | \$ 1,371.00  |
| 15 | 7-Feb                           | \$ 2,927.00  | \$ 2,649.50  | \$ 5,576.50  |
| 16 | 8-Feb                           | \$ 886.50    | \$ 842.50    | \$ 1,729.00  |
| 17 | 13-Feb                          | \$ 532.00    | \$ 481.50    | \$ 1,013.50  |
| 18 | 14-Feb                          | \$ 1,106.00  | \$ 860.50    | \$ 1,966.50  |
| 19 | 15-Feb                          | \$ 1,124.00  | \$ 958.50    | \$ 2,082.50  |
| 20 | 16-Feb                          | \$ 309.50    | \$ 397.00    | \$ 706.50    |
| 21 | 20-Feb                          | \$ 754.00    | \$ 717.00    | \$ 1,471.00  |
| 22 | 21-Feb                          | \$ 955.50    | \$ 1,213.50  | \$ 2,169.00  |
| 23 | 22-Feb                          | \$ 927.00    | \$ 1,151.00  | \$ 2,078.00  |
| 24 | 27-Feb                          | \$ 555.00    | \$ 665.50    | \$ 1,220.50  |
| 25 | 28-Feb                          | \$ 818.50    | \$ 516.50    | \$ 1,335.00  |
| 26 | Mar                             | \$ 20,429.50 | \$ 20,576.50 | \$ 41,006.00 |
| 27 | 1-Mar                           | \$ 544.00    | \$ 1,065.00  | \$ 1,609.00  |
| 28 | 2-Mar                           | \$ 453.50    | \$ 387.00    | \$ 840.50    |
| 29 | 6-Mar                           | \$ 550.50    | \$ 651.00    | \$ 1,201.50  |
| 30 | 7-Mar                           | \$ 1,211.00  | \$ 915.50    | \$ 2,126.50  |
| 31 | 8-Mar                           | \$ 2,319.00  | \$ 2,030.50  | \$ 4,349.50  |
| 32 | 9-Mar                           | \$ 492.50    | \$ 371.00    | \$ 863.50    |
| 33 | 13-Mar                          | \$ 898.00    | \$ 472.00    | \$ 1,370.00  |
| 34 | 14-Mar                          | \$ 4,340.50  | \$ 4,262.00  | \$ 8,602.50  |
| 35 | 15-Mar                          | \$ 928.50    | \$ 870.50    | \$ 1,799.00  |
| 36 | 16-Mar                          | \$ 385.50    | \$ 603.00    | \$ 988.50    |
| 37 | 20-Mar                          | \$ 500.50    | \$ 723.00    | \$ 1,223.50  |
| 38 | 21-Mar                          | \$ 2,473.00  | \$ 2,958.00  | \$ 5,431.00  |
| 39 | 22-Mar                          | \$ 1,903.50  | \$ 1,904.50  | \$ 3,808.00  |
| 40 | 23-Mar                          | \$ 757.50    | \$ 521.00    | \$ 1,278.50  |
| 41 | 27-Mar                          | \$ 989.50    | \$ 665.50    | \$ 1,655.00  |
| 42 | 28-Mar                          | \$ 1,682.50  | \$ 2,177.00  | \$ 3,859.50  |
| 43 | Total Sales                     | \$ 38,168.50 | \$ 37,879.50 | \$ 76,048.00 |
| 44 |                                 |              |              |              |

## 2. Summary of daily deposits

| Date   | Cash Deposit | Credit Card Deposit | Total Deposit |
|--------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 5-Jan  | \$ 646.50    | \$ 514.50           | \$ 1,161.00   |
| 6-Jan  | \$ 826.00    | \$ 782.50           | \$ 1,608.50   |
| 7-Jan  | \$ 547.00    | \$ 480.50           | \$ 1,027.50   |
| 12-Jan | \$ 225.50    | \$ 364.50           | \$ 590.00     |
| 13-Jan | \$ 153.50    | \$ 147.00           | \$ 300.50     |
| 14-Jan | \$ 635.00    | \$ 1,035.00         | \$ 1,670.00   |
| 15-Jan | \$ 3,010.00  | \$ 2,905.50         | \$ 5,915.50   |
| 9-Feb  | \$ 750.50    | \$ 620.50           | \$ 1,371.00   |
| 10-Feb | \$ 2,942.00  | \$ 2,649.50         | \$ 5,591.50   |
| 11-Feb | \$ 888.50    | \$ 842.50           | \$ 1,731.00   |
| 16-Feb | \$ 532.00    | \$ 481.50           | \$ 1,013.50   |
| 17-Feb | \$ 1,106.00  | \$ 860.50           | \$ 1,966.50   |
| 18-Feb | \$ 1,084.00  | \$ 958.50           | \$ 2,042.50   |
| 19-Feb | \$ 309.50    | \$ 397.00           | \$ 706.50     |
| 23-Feb | \$ 754.00    | \$ 717.00           | \$ 1,471.00   |
| 24-Feb | \$ 955.50    | \$ 1,213.50         | \$ 2,169.00   |
| 25-Feb | \$ 927.00    | \$ 1,151.00         | \$ 2,078.00   |
| 2-Mar  | \$ 555.00    | \$ 665.50           | \$ 1,220.50   |
| 3-Mar  | \$ 823.50    | \$ 516.50           | \$ 1,340.00   |
| 4-Mar  | \$ 542.00    | \$ 1,065.00         | \$ 1,607.00   |
| 5-Mar  | \$ 463.50    | \$ 387.00           | \$ 850.50     |
| 9-Mar  | \$ 550.50    | \$ 651.00           | \$ 1,201.50   |
| 10-Mar | \$ 1,171.00  | \$ 915.50           | \$ 2,086.50   |
| 11-Mar | \$ 2,359.00  | \$ 2,030.50         | \$ 4,389.50   |
| 12-Mar | \$ 492.50    | \$ 371.00           | \$ 863.50     |
| 16-Mar | \$ 898.00    | \$ 472.00           | \$ 1,370.00   |
| 17-Mar | \$ 4,240.50  | \$ 4,262.00         | \$ 8,502.50   |
| 18-Mar | \$ 928.50    | \$ 870.50           | \$ 1,799.00   |
| 19-Mar | \$ 385.50    | \$ 603.00           | \$ 988.50     |
| 23-Mar | \$ 500.50    | \$ 723.00           | \$ 1,223.50   |
| 24-Mar | \$ 2,453.00  | \$ 2,958.00         | \$ 5,411.00   |
| 25-Mar | \$ 1,908.50  | \$ 1,904.50         | \$ 3,813.00   |
| 26-Mar | \$ 757.50    | \$ 521.00           | \$ 1,278.50   |
| 30-Mar | \$ 989.50    | \$ 665.50           | \$ 1,655.00   |
| 31-Mar | \$ 1,682.50  | \$ 2,177.00         | \$ 3,859.50   |

### 3. Reconciliation of daily deposits

| Date   | Cash Deposit | Credit Card Deposit | Total Deposit | Total Sales | Difference Over/(Short) |
|--------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| 5-Jan  | \$ 646.50    | \$ 514.50           | \$ 1,161.00   | \$ 1,161.00 | \$ -                    |
| 6-Jan  | \$ 826.00    | \$ 782.50           | \$ 1,608.50   | \$ 1,598.50 | \$ 10.00                |
| 7-Jan  | \$ 547.00    | \$ 480.50           | \$ 1,027.50   | \$ 1,017.50 | \$ 10.00                |
| 12-Jan | \$ 225.50    | \$ 364.50           | \$ 590.00     | \$ 610.00   | \$ (20.00)              |
| 13-Jan | \$ 153.50    | \$ 147.00           | \$ 300.50     | \$ 300.50   | \$ -                    |
| 14-Jan | \$ 635.00    | \$ 1,035.00         | \$ 1,670.00   | \$ 1,710.00 | \$ (40.00)              |
| 15-Jan | \$ 3,010.00  | \$ 2,905.50         | \$ 5,915.50   | \$ 5,925.50 | \$ (10.00)              |
| 9-Feb  | \$ 750.50    | \$ 620.50           | \$ 1,371.00   | \$ 1,371.00 | \$ -                    |
| 10-Feb | \$ 2,942.00  | \$ 2,649.50         | \$ 5,591.50   | \$ 5,576.50 | \$ 15.00                |
| 11-Feb | \$ 888.50    | \$ 842.50           | \$ 1,731.00   | \$ 1,729.00 | \$ 2.00                 |
| 16-Feb | \$ 532.00    | \$ 481.50           | \$ 1,013.50   | \$ 1,013.50 | \$ -                    |
| 17-Feb | \$ 1,106.00  | \$ 860.50           | \$ 1,966.50   | \$ 1,966.50 | \$ -                    |
| 18-Feb | \$ 1,084.00  | \$ 958.50           | \$ 2,042.50   | \$ 2,082.50 | \$ (40.00)              |
| 19-Feb | \$ 309.50    | \$ 397.00           | \$ 706.50     | \$ 706.50   | \$ -                    |
| 23-Feb | \$ 754.00    | \$ 717.00           | \$ 1,471.00   | \$ 1,471.00 | \$ -                    |
| 24-Feb | \$ 955.50    | \$ 1,213.50         | \$ 2,169.00   | \$ 2,169.00 | \$ -                    |
| 25-Feb | \$ 927.00    | \$ 1,151.00         | \$ 2,078.00   | \$ 2,078.00 | \$ -                    |
| 2-Mar  | \$ 555.00    | \$ 665.50           | \$ 1,220.50   | \$ 1,220.50 | \$ -                    |
| 3-Mar  | \$ 823.50    | \$ 516.50           | \$ 1,340.00   | \$ 1,335.00 | \$ 5.00                 |
| 4-Mar  | \$ 542.00    | \$ 1,065.00         | \$ 1,607.00   | \$ 1,609.00 | \$ (2.00)               |
| 5-Mar  | \$ 463.50    | \$ 387.00           | \$ 850.50     | \$ 840.50   | \$ 10.00                |
| 9-Mar  | \$ 550.50    | \$ 651.00           | \$ 1,201.50   | \$ 1,201.50 | \$ -                    |
| 10-Mar | \$ 1,171.00  | \$ 915.50           | \$ 2,086.50   | \$ 2,126.50 | \$ (40.00)              |
| 11-Mar | \$ 2,359.00  | \$ 2,030.50         | \$ 4,389.50   | \$ 4,349.50 | \$ 40.00                |
| 12-Mar | \$ 492.50    | \$ 371.00           | \$ 863.50     | \$ 863.50   | \$ -                    |
| 16-Mar | \$ 898.00    | \$ 472.00           | \$ 1,370.00   | \$ 1,370.00 | \$ -                    |
| 17-Mar | \$ 4,240.50  | \$ 4,262.00         | \$ 8,502.50   | \$ 8,602.50 | \$ (100.00)             |
| 18-Mar | \$ 928.50    | \$ 870.50           | \$ 1,799.00   | \$ 1,799.00 | \$ -                    |
| 19-Mar | \$ 385.50    | \$ 603.00           | \$ 988.50     | \$ 988.50   | \$ -                    |
| 23-Mar | \$ 500.50    | \$ 723.00           | \$ 1,223.50   | \$ 1,223.50 | \$ -                    |
| 24-Mar | \$ 2,453.00  | \$ 2,958.00         | \$ 5,411.00   | \$ 5,431.00 | \$ (20.00)              |
| 25-Mar | \$ 1,908.50  | \$ 1,904.50         | \$ 3,813.00   | \$ 3,808.00 | \$ 5.00                 |
| 26-Mar | \$ 757.50    | \$ 521.00           | \$ 1,278.50   | \$ 1,278.50 | \$ -                    |
| 30-Mar | \$ 989.50    | \$ 665.50           | \$ 1,655.00   | \$ 1,655.00 | \$ -                    |
| 31-Mar | \$ 1,682.50  | \$ 2,177.00         | \$ 3,859.50   | \$ 3,859.50 | \$ -                    |

LO 2.1-2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 45 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Sections 2.1-2.5, Accounting Discipline: Audit.

PAC 2.3 Financial Accounting:

1.

| Truck_Number 1     |                     |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| Row Labels         | Sum of Total Sale   |
| Jan                | \$ 12,323.00        |
| Feb                | \$ 22,719.00        |
| Mar                | \$ 41,006.00        |
| <b>Grand Total</b> | <b>\$ 76,048.00</b> |

2.

| Truck_Number 1     |                     |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| Row Labels         | Sum of Total Sale   |
| Deep Dish          | \$ 8,355.00         |
| Meat Lover's       | \$ 7,440.00         |
| Vegetarian         | \$ 6,413.00         |
| Steak              | \$ 6,256.00         |
| Chicken Wings      | \$ 6,180.00         |
| Mushroom           | \$ 5,953.50         |
| Pepperoni          | \$ 5,754.00         |
| Beef               | \$ 5,621.00         |
| Sausage            | \$ 5,092.50         |
| White Pizza        | \$ 4,903.50         |
| Hawaiian           | \$ 4,588.50         |
| Supreme            | \$ 4,225.00         |
| Cheese             | \$ 3,510.00         |
| Breadsticks        | \$ 1,756.00         |
| <b>Grand Total</b> | <b>\$ 76,048.00</b> |

LO 2.1, -2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 45 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Sections 2.1-2.5, Accounting Discipline: Financial Accounting.

PAC 2.4 Managerial Accounting:

1.

| Row Labels         | ▼         | Average of Total Cost |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Bacon              | \$        | 412.62                |
| Beef               | \$        | 231.92                |
| Bread stick dough  | \$        | 706.14                |
| Flour              | \$        | 606.70                |
| Garlic             | \$        | 29.88                 |
| Green Pepper       | \$        | 111.68                |
| Ham                | \$        | 346.60                |
| Mozzarella Cheese  | \$        | 1,443.20              |
| Mushrooms          | \$        | 27.20                 |
| napkins            | \$        | 192.55                |
| Olive Oil          | \$        | 497.07                |
| Onion              | \$        | 94.64                 |
| Paper plates       | \$        | 241.95                |
| Pepperoni          | \$        | 564.39                |
| Pineapple          | \$        | 40.53                 |
| pizza boxes        | \$        | 1,790.72              |
| Ricotta Cheese     | \$        | 290.35                |
| Salt               | \$        | 83.53                 |
| Sauce              | \$        | 559.68                |
| sausage            | \$        | 381.12                |
| Steak              | \$        | 583.31                |
| Sugar              | \$        | 58.30                 |
| Wings              | \$        | 721.04                |
| Yeast              | \$        | 95.38                 |
| <b>Grand Total</b> | <b>\$</b> | <b>434.34</b>         |

2.

| Description ▾     | Vendor ▾  | Average of Cost per Unit of |         |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|---------|
|                   |           | Average of Unit Price       | Measure |
| Bacon             | Meat Co.  | \$53.82                     | \$5.38  |
| Beef              | Meat Co.  | \$28.99                     | \$5.80  |
| Bread stick dough | RSC       | \$30.14                     | \$1.77  |
| Flour             | Costco    | \$9.49                      | \$0.38  |
|                   | RSC       | \$35.20                     | \$0.64  |
|                   | Sams Club | \$14.98                     | \$0.60  |
| Garlic            | Walmart   | \$4.98                      | \$2.49  |
| Green Pepper      | Walmart   | \$6.98                      | \$2.33  |
| Ham               | Meat Co.  | \$51.99                     | \$4.73  |
| Mozzarella Cheese | RSC       | \$17.49                     | \$3.50  |
|                   | Sams Club | \$12.57                     | \$2.51  |
| Mushrooms         | Walmart   | \$3.98                      | \$0.17  |
| napkins           | Costco    | \$16.99                     | \$0.03  |
| Olive Oil         | RSC       | \$18.99                     | \$6.33  |
|                   | Sams Club | \$8.98                      | \$4.49  |
| Onion             | Walmart   | \$7.28                      | \$0.73  |
| Paper plates      | Costco    | \$17.49                     | \$0.06  |
| Pepperoni         | Meat Co.  | \$120.94                    | \$4.84  |
| Pineapple         | Walmart   | \$5.98                      | \$0.06  |
| pizza boxes       | RSC       | \$13.99                     | \$0.28  |
| Ricotta Cheese    | RSC       | \$27.22                     | \$1.01  |
| Salt              | Costco    | \$4.99                      | \$1.00  |
|                   | Sams Club | \$6.36                      | \$1.59  |
| Sauce             | RSC       | \$17.49                     | \$0.03  |
| sausage           | Meat Co.  | \$71.46                     | \$4.76  |
| Steak             | Meat Co.  | \$109.37                    | \$7.81  |
| Sugar             | Sams Club | \$6.36                      | \$0.64  |
| Wings             | RSC       | \$62.70                     | \$5.23  |
|                   | Sams Club | \$24.98                     | \$6.25  |
| Yeast             | Costco    | \$4.99                      | \$0.16  |
|                   | RSC       | \$3.79                      | \$0.24  |
|                   | Sams Club | \$4.98                      | \$0.16  |

3. Students may approach this problem differently, but the use of a PivotTable and slicers is shown here. Students can use the slicers to analyze each product and compare average prices.

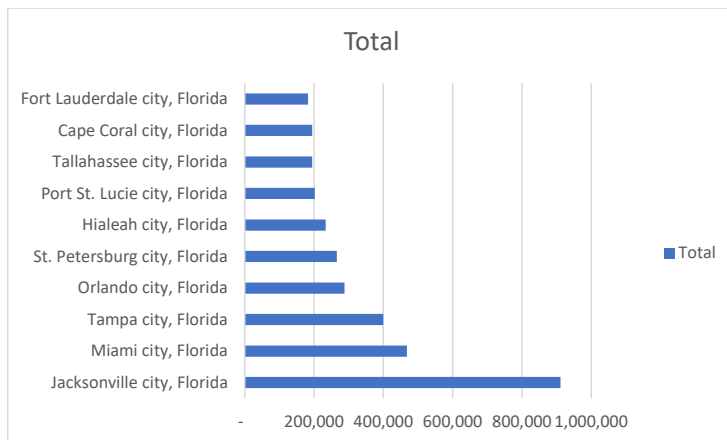
|   | A               | B                                   |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Description     | Flour                               |
| 2 |                 |                                     |
| 3 | Row Labels      | Average of Cost per Unit of Measure |
| 4 | Costco          | \$0.38                              |
| 5 | RSC             | \$0.64                              |
| 6 | Sams Club       | \$0.60                              |
| 7 | Overall Average | \$0.61                              |
| 8 |                 |                                     |

LO 2.1-2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Hard, TOT: 45 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Sections 2.1-2.5, Accounting Discipline: Managerial Accounting

PAC 2.5 Tax Accounting:

1.

|   | Row Labels                    | Sum of 2019 |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------|
| 4 | Jacksonville city, Florida    | 911,507     |
| 5 | Miami city, Florida           | 467,963     |
| 5 | Tampa city, Florida           | 399,700     |
| 7 | Orlando city, Florida         | 287,442     |
| 8 | St. Petersburg city, Florida  | 265,351     |
| 9 | Hialeah city, Florida         | 233,339     |
| 0 | Port St. Lucie city, Florida  | 201,846     |
| 1 | Tallahassee city, Florida     | 194,500     |
| 2 | Cape Coral city, Florida      | 194,495     |
| 3 | Fort Lauderdale city, Florida | 182,437     |
| 4 | Grand Total                   | 3,338,580   |
| 5 |                               |             |



2.

| Row Labels                                   | Sum of Total Sales Tax Rate |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Beverly Hills, FL Sales Tax Rate             | 0.06                        |
| Black Diamond, FL Sales Tax Rate             | 0.06                        |
| Citrus County, FL Sales Tax Rate             | 0.06                        |
| Citrus Hills, FL Sales Tax Rate              | 0.06                        |
| Citrus Springs, FL Sales Tax Rate            | 0.06                        |
| Crystal River, FL Sales Tax Rate             | 0.06                        |
| Floral City, FL Sales Tax Rate               | 0.06                        |
| Hernando, FL Sales Tax Rate                  | 0.06                        |
| Holder, FL Sales Tax Rate                    | 0.06                        |
| Homosassa Springs, FL Sales Tax Rate         | 0.06                        |
| Homosassa, FL Sales Tax Rate                 | 0.06                        |
| Inverness Highlands North, FL Sales Tax Rate | 0.06                        |
| Inverness Highlands South, FL Sales Tax Rate | 0.06                        |
| Inverness, FL Sales Tax Rate                 | 0.06                        |
| Lecanto, FL Sales Tax Rate                   | 0.06                        |
| Sugarmill Woods, FL Sales Tax Rate           | 0.06                        |

3. Tallahassee has a tax rate of 7.5%. On sales of \$150,000 the tax amount would be \$11,250

LO 2.1- 2.5, BT: AP, Difficulty: Medium, TOT: 15 min, AACSB: Data Analytics, AICPA FC: Leverage Technology to Develop and Enhance Functional Competencies, Sections 2.1 – 2.5, Accounting Discipline: Tax