

Pathopharmacology 2nd edition Colbert Test Bank

SKU: 9780357618165-TEST-BANK

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

1. An individual who studies disease is called a(n)

- a. endodontist.
- b. pathogenic.
- c. psychiatrist.
- d. pathologist.

ANSWER: d

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. An endodontist is a dentist who specializes in maintaining teeth through endodontic therapy.
- b. Incorrect. The term "pathogenic" is used to describe organisms that produce disease.
- c. Incorrect. A psychiatrist is a medical practitioner specializing in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness.
- d. Correct. A pathologist is a scientist who studies the causes and effects of diseases, especially one who examines laboratory samples of body tissue for diagnostic or forensic purposes.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.1 - Interpret disease medical terminology.

OTHER: A-Head: Terms Associated with Disease
Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/9/2023 7:04 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 5/10/2023 9:55 AM

2. Any disease occurring spontaneously with an unknown cause is termed

- a. unknown.
- b. spontaneous.
- c. idiopathic.
- d. etiologic.

ANSWER: c

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. "Unknown" is defined as not known or familiar.
- b. Incorrect. "Spontaneous" is defined as occurring without apparent external cause.
- c. Correct. Any disease occurring spontaneously with an unknown cause is termed "idiopathic."
- d. Incorrect. Etiologic is defined as the cause of the disease.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.1 - Interpret disease medical terminology.

OTHER: A-Head: Terms Associated with Disease
Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 3:04 AM

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 5:57 AM

3. The medical term for the cause or origin of a disease is _____.

ANSWER: etiology

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

QUESTION TYPE: Completion

HAS VARIABLES: False

STUDENT ENTRY MODE: Basic

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.1 - Interpret disease medical terminology.

OTHER: Analysis: Refer to Diagnosis.

A-Head: Diagnosis

Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 3:28 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 7:04 AM

4. When presenting to a medical facility, the patient will complain of a specific ailment or issue that is being experienced. This is called

- a. the chief complaint.
- b. a diagnostic testing.
- c. a disease.
- d. the diagnosis.

ANSWER: a

FEEDBACK:

- a. Correct. When presenting to a medical facility, the patient will complain of a specific ailment or issue that is being experienced. This is called the chief complaint (CC) or the main reason the individual sought medical attention.
- b. Incorrect. A diagnostic test is any approach used to gather clinical information for the purposes of making a clinical decision (i.e., diagnosis).
- c. Incorrect. A disease is defined as an impairment of health or a condition of abnormal functioning.
- d. Incorrect. A diagnosis is identifying the nature or cause of some phenomenon.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.1 - Interpret disease medical terminology.

OTHER: A-Head: Diagnosis

Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 3:39 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:00 AM

5. The expected outcome or the prediction of an ailment is known as the _____.

ANSWER: prognosis

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

QUESTION TYPE: Completion

HAS VARIABLES: False

STUDENT ENTRY MODE: Basic

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.1 - Interpret disease medical terminology.

OTHER: Analysis: Refer to Prognosis.
A-Head: Prognosis
Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 3:48 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 7:05 AM

6. If the disease prognosis is that it will result in imminent death, it is deemed

- a. terminal.
- b. in remission.
- c. relapse.
- d. survival rate.

ANSWER: a

FEEDBACK:

- a. Correct. Terminal is defined as causing or ending in or approaching death.
- b. Incorrect. In remission is defined as the period where the disease is treated successfully and the patient is free of symptoms.
- c. Incorrect. Relapse is defined as the reappearance of the disease or condition.
- d. Incorrect. Survival rate is defined as the length of time a patient lives after being diagnosed with a disease.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.1 - Interpret disease medical terminology.

OTHER: A-Head: More Disease Terminology
Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 3:49 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:03 AM

7. Which of the following is NOT a term used to describe a health care-associated infection?

- a. Nosocomial infection
- b. Chronic condition
- c. Hospital-acquired infection
- d. Iatrogenic

ANSWER: b

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. Nosocomial infection means hospital-acquired infection.
- b. Correct. A chronic condition is a human health condition or disease that is persistent or otherwise long-lasting in its effects or a disease that persists with time.
- c. Incorrect. A hospital-acquired infection is an infection caught while hospitalized.

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

d. Incorrect. Iatrogenic refers to a disease caused by medical intervention.

POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Moderate
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.2 - Describe how disease is transferred.
OTHER: A-Head: Transmission of Disease
Bloom's: Remember
DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 4:15 AM
DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:04 AM

8. Which agency is responsible for recording and tracking diseases not only domestically but also abroad?

- a. OIG
- b. CMS
- c. CDC
- d. AHRQ

ANSWER: c

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. The Office of Inspector General (OIG) is a federal agency that is responsible for the protection and integrity of Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) programs as well as the health and welfare of program beneficiaries.
- b. Incorrect. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services is part of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). It administers the Medicare program and works in partnership with state governments to administer Medicaid.
- c. Correct. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is a federal agency under the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) that records and tracks diseases not only domestically but also abroad in an effort to monitor possible threats.
- d. Incorrect. The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) is a U.S. government agency that functions as a part of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) to support research to help improve the quality of health care.

POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Moderate
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.2 - Describe how disease is transferred.
OTHER: A-Head: Epidemiology
Bloom's: Remember
DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 4:17 AM
DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:05 AM

9. A disease that is found in a certain region or specific population on a continual basis is _____.

ANSWER: endemic

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Hard
QUESTION TYPE: Completion
HAS VARIABLES: False
STUDENT ENTRY MODE: Basic
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.2 - Describe how disease is transferred.
OTHER: Analysis: Refer to Epidemiology
A-Head: Epidemiology
Bloom's: Remember
DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 4:22 AM
DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 7:10 AM

10. Which of the following best exemplifies an endemic?

- a. Influenza A (H1N1 virus)
- b. Sudden occurrence of microcephaly (a congenital defect) as a result of the Zika virus
- c. HIV/AIDS
- d. Ebola in West Africa

ANSWER: d

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. Influenza A (H1N1 virus) is an example of a pandemic.
- b. Incorrect. Sudden occurrence of microcephaly is a result of an epidemic.
- c. Incorrect. HIV/AIDS is a pandemic disease affecting the population of a vast geographic area.
- d. Correct. Ebola in West Africa is endemic because it is found in a certain region.

POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Moderate
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.2 - Describe how disease is transferred.
OTHER: A-Head: Epidemiology
Bloom's: Understand
DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 4:24 AM
DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:07 AM

11. If you were an infectious disease professional, what would you do to avoid direct contact with a pathogen?

- a. Wear a face mask
- b. Use sterilized medical instruments
- c. Use new medical equipment
- d. Wear gloves

ANSWER: d

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. Wearing a face mask prevents airborne transmission, which occurs when a pathogen is released into the air by way of coughing, sneezing, talking, and/or laughing.
- b. Incorrect. Using sterilized medical instruments prevents indirect contact, which

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

occurs when the host comes into contact with a contaminated surface, such as a doorknob, and then touches a mucous membrane or wound.

- c. Incorrect. Using new medical equipment prevents indirect contact, which occurs when the host comes into contact with a contaminated surface, such as a doorknob, and then touches a mucous membrane or wound.
- d. Correct. Wearing gloves prevents contaminated body fluids from entering the skin through a cut. Direct contact occurs when a person carrying a pathogenic microorganism comes into physical contact with another person or when body fluids make contact with an open sore or mucous membrane.

POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Easy
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.2 - Describe how disease is transferred.
OTHER: A-Head: Contact Transmission
Bloom's: Apply
DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 4:37 AM
DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:08 AM

12. Any living organism (person, plant, or animal) that carries and transmits disease to another living organism is called a(n) _____.

ANSWER: vector
POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Easy
QUESTION TYPE: Completion
HAS VARIABLES: False
STUDENT ENTRY MODE: Basic
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.2 - Describe how disease is transferred.
OTHER: Analysis: Refer to Carriers of Disease
A-Head: Carriers of Disease
Bloom's: Remember
DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 5:40 AM
DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 7:11 AM

13. Which of the following best exemplifies risk factors noted in the patient's medical record?

- a. Chief complaint of shortness of breath
- b. Frequent drinking
- c. Exposure to mold
- d. Family history of stroke

ANSWER: c
FEEDBACK:
a. Incorrect. The chief complaint is documented as part of the personal medical history.
b. Incorrect. Frequent drinking would be documented as part of social history.
c. Correct. Exposure to mold would be classified as an environmental category

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

under risk factors.

- d. Incorrect. Family history of stroke would be documented as part of family history.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.3 - State risk factors associated with disease.

OTHER: A-Head: Risk Factors
Bloom's: Understand

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 5:43 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:09 AM

14. Which example best exemplifies content found as part of the social history?

- a. Symptoms
- b. Illicit drug use
- c. Heredity diseases
- d. Reaction to penicillin

ANSWER: b

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. Symptoms are listed as part of the patient's past medical history (PMH).
- b. Correct. Illicit drug use is documented as part of the social history.
- c. Incorrect. Hereditary diseases are documented as part of the family history.
- d. Incorrect. A reaction to medications is documented as part of allergies.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.4 - Describe the importance of patient history.

OTHER: A-Head: Social History
Bloom's: Understand

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 5:46 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:10 AM

15. The name for the part of the patient's history that identifies what the patient does or did for a living is _____.

ANSWER: occupational

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Completion

HAS VARIABLES: False

STUDENT ENTRY MODE: Basic

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.4 - Describe the importance of patient history.

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

OTHER: Analysis: Refer to Occupational History
A-Head: Occupational History
Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:03 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 6:06 AM

Match each infectious disease to the correct description.

- a. Ebola
- b. Zika virus
- c. Escherichia coli
- d. Rhinovirus

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Matching

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.2 - Describe how disease is transferred.

OTHER: Analysis: Refer to Epidemiology.
A-Head: Epidemiology
Bloom's: Understanding

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:07 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 7:29 AM

16. A devastating contagious disease with very high mortality rates

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

17. A sudden occurrence of microcephaly in newborns

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

18. A bacterium normally found in the colon

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

19. The common cold

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

Match each type of patient information to the corresponding example.

- a. Family history
- b. Occupational history
- c. History of present illness (HPI)
- d. Past medical history (PMH)

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Matching

HAS VARIABLES: False

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.4 - Describe the importance of patient history.

OTHER: Analysis: Refer to The Importance of Information Gathering.
A-Head: The Importance of Information Gathering
Bloom's: Understand

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:15 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 6:18 AM

20. Parent with the same or related illness

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

21. Coal minor

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

22. Recent occurrences in relation to chief complaint

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

23. All previous illnesses and procedures

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

24. Objective measurements of body functions such as height and weight that can be consistently obtained by different health care professionals without bias and personal judgment are called _____.

ANSWER: signs

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

QUESTION TYPE: Completion

HAS VARIABLES: False

STUDENT ENTRY MODE: Basic

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.4 - Describe the importance of patient history.

OTHER: Analysis: Refer to Differentiating between Signs and Symptoms.
A-Head: Differentiating between Signs and Symptoms
Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:19 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 6:20 AM

Match each physical examination process with its definition.

a. Palpation

b. Percussion

c. Inspection

d. Auscultation

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Matching

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.4 - Describe the importance of patient history.

OTHER: Analysis: Refer to Physical Examination.

A-Head: Physical Examination

Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:21 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 6:23 AM

25. Touching

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

26. Tapping

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

27. Looking

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

28. Listening using a stethoscope

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

29. What can you do to avoid indirect contact with a pathogen?

- a. Wear face mask
- b. Open the bathroom door with paper towel
- c. Cook food to a safe temperature
- d. Wear gloves

ANSWER: b

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. Wearing a face mask prevents airborne transmission, which occurs when a pathogen is released into the air by way of coughing, sneezing, talking, and/or laughing.
- b. Correct. Indirect contact occurs when the host comes into contact with a contaminated surface, such as a doorknob, and then touches a mucous membrane or wound.
- c. Incorrect. Cooking food to a safe temperature is an example of safeguarding against the transport of pathogens via food. This is an example of common vehicle.
- d. Incorrect. Wearing gloves prevents contaminated body fluids from entering the skin through a cut. This is an example of direct contact.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.2 - Describe how disease is transferred.

OTHER: A-Head: Contact Transmission
Bloom's: Apply

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:23 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:18 AM

30. If you are the health care professional documenting in the patient record, where would you record the patient's heart rate, pulse, and laboratory findings?

- a. HPI
- b. Social history
- c. Physical examination
- d. Past medical history

ANSWER: c

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. History of present illness (HPI) is where the health care professional records the history of the current condition or disease.
- b. Incorrect. Social history is where the health care professional would record lifestyle information.
- c. Correct. A physical examination is the process of physically examining a patient in a systematic manner. Vital signs and laboratory findings are completed during the physical exam.
- d. Incorrect. The past medical history includes the listing of previous medical illnesses and procedures.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.4 - Describe the importance of patient history.

OTHER: A-Head: Physical Examination
Bloom's: Apply

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:26 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:20 AM

31. For which scenario would an MRI be the most appropriate test?

- a. View detailed image of ligaments and tendons
- b. Examine extent of cranial hemorrhage
- c. Determine location of fracture
- d. Determine type of bacteria

ANSWER: a

FEEDBACK:

- a. Correct. Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) uses magnets and radio waves to produce high-resolution images of organs and soft tissues with no radiation exposure to the patient.
- b. Incorrect. A computerized tomography (CT or CAT) scan is imaging utilizing X-rays and a computer to produce cross-sectional slices of the body.
- c. Incorrect. An X-ray is an imaging technique utilized to determine any broken

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

bones and defects in the body.

- d. Incorrect. Culture and sensitivity (C&S) is a laboratory test of a sample from the patient that grows and identifies the pathogen and tests what drug will kill it.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.5 - Describe common methods used to treat and diagnose diseases.

OTHER: A-Head: Magnetic Resonance Imaging
Bloom's: Understand

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:28 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:21 AM

32. Which of the following would identify whether the patient is at risk for a blood clot?

- a. WBCs
- b. HCT
- c. Hgb
- d. PLT

ANSWER: d

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. White blood cells (WBCs) are cells within the blood stream that fight infection.
- b. Incorrect. Hematocrit (HCT) is the ratio of total cellular volume to total volume of blood.
- c. Incorrect. Hemoglobin (Hgb) is the protein in red blood cells that carries oxygen.
- d. Correct. Platelets (PLT) are cellular fragments that clot blood.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Hard

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.5 - Describe common methods used to treat and diagnose diseases.

OTHER: A-Head: Complete Blood Count
Bloom's: Understand

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:34 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:22 AM

33. Which of the following conditions or symptoms would explain the need to measure electrolytes in the blood?

- a. Cloudy urine
- b. Anemia
- c. Bleeding
- d. Dehydration

ANSWER: d

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. Cloudy urine would warrant urine analysis.
- b. Incorrect. Anemia would warrant testing hemoglobin and hematocrit.

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

- c. Incorrect. Bleeding would warrant testing platelet count.
- d. Correct. Dehydration would warrant checking for an electrolyte imbalance.

POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Hard
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.5 - Describe common methods used to treat and diagnose diseases.
OTHER: A-Head: Electrolytes
Bloom's: Understand
DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:39 AM
DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:23 AM

Match each type of blood cell to its function.

- a. Red blood cells
- b. Hemoglobin
- c. White blood cells
- d. Platelets

DIFFICULTY: Easy
QUESTION TYPE: Matching
HAS VARIABLES: False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.5 - Describe common methods used to treat and diagnose diseases.
OTHER: Analysis: Refer to Complete Blood Count.
A-Head: Complete Blood Count
Bloom's: Remember
DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:43 AM
DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 6:45 AM

34. Transport oxygen

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

35. Protein in the red blood cell that carries oxygen

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

36. Fight infection

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

37. Clot blood

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

38. A patient has been treated for a disease for the last few years. Their symptoms have been similar over time and have not changed. What type of disease does this patient have?

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

- a. Acute disease
- b. Chronic disease
- c. Pneumonia
- d. Terminal disease

ANSWER: b

FEEDBACK:

- a. Incorrect. An acute disease has a rapid onset.
- b. Correct. This is a long-term disease.
- c. Incorrect. This is a specific type of acute disease.
- d. Incorrect. This is a condition that results in death.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.1 - Interpret disease medical terminology.

OTHER: A-Head: Prognosis
Bloom's: Apply

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:45 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:25 AM

39. You are speaking to your patient who has an unknown infection. The patient describes that they started feeling ill after a conversation with their coworker. The patient remembers that their coworker sneezed several times throughout the conversation. What is the likely route that the patient's disease was transmitted?

- a. Direct contact
- b. Indirect contact
- c. Airborne transmission
- d. Common vehicle

ANSWER: c

FEEDBACK:

- a. incorrect. There was no physical contact between the two people.
- b. Incorrect. Indirect contact occurs when a person comes into contact with a contaminated surface.
- c. Correct. Airborne transmission occurs when a pathogen is released into the air by way of coughing, sneezing, talking, and/or laughing.
- d. Incorrect. No common vehicle was described in the scenario.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.2 - Describe how disease is transferred.

OTHER: A-Head: Contact Transmission
Bloom's: Apply

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:47 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:25 AM

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

40. Eating healthy food, getting enough sleep, and avoiding stress are examples of living a healthy _____.

ANSWER: lifestyle

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

QUESTION TYPE: Completion

HAS VARIABLES: False

STUDENT ENTRY MODE: Basic

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.3 - State risk factors associated with disease.

OTHER: Analysis: Refer to Difference between Environment and Lifestyle.

A-Head: Risk Factors

Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:50 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 3/16/2023 6:55 AM

41. What is it called when you ask the patient open-ended questions to determine more information about their condition?

- a. Patient interview
- b. Direct questioning
- c. Physical examination
- d. Family history

ANSWER: a

FEEDBACK:

- a. Correct. The patient interview is where the clinician gathers patient's information.
- b. Incorrect. Direct questioning is a type of questioning that requires a yes or no answer.
- c. Incorrect. Physical examination is the process of physically examining the patient.
- d. Incorrect. Family history is a specific type of interview to identify diseases the patient is susceptible to due to heredity.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: easy

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.4 - Describe the importance of patient history.

OTHER: A-Head: The Patient Interview

Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 6:56 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 5/15/2023 6:39 AM

42. All of the following are examples of personal protective equipment (PPE) EXCEPT

- a. eyeglasses.
- b. surgical mask.
- c. plastic gown.
- d. goggles.

ANSWER: a

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Chapter 1 - Core Concepts of Disease

FEEDBACK: a. Correct. Eyeglasses are personal wear items to aid vision and are not considered personal protective equipment.
b. Incorrect. A surgical mask is a type of PPE.
c. Incorrect. A plastic gown is a type of PPE.
d. Incorrect. Goggles are a type of PPE.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: easy

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: PATH.COLB.24.1.6 - Describe the use of standard precautions and personal protective equipment.

OTHER: A-Head: Personal Protective Equipment
Bloom's: Remember

DATE CREATED: 3/16/2023 7:00 AM

DATE MODIFIED: 4/22/2023 6:27 AM